

Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Machine Learning (ML)

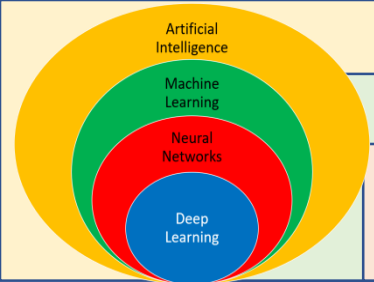
Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Advanced Artificial Intelligence

Dr. Rastgoo





Artificial Intelligence (AI)

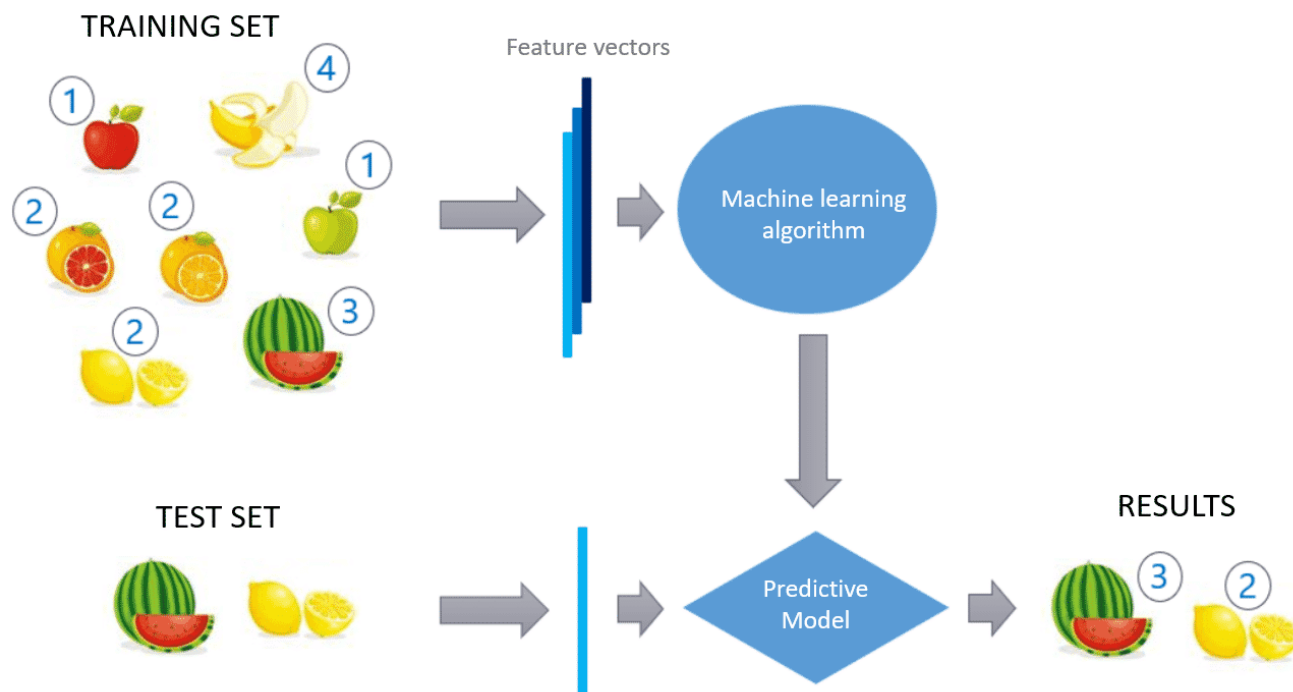
Machine Learning (ML)

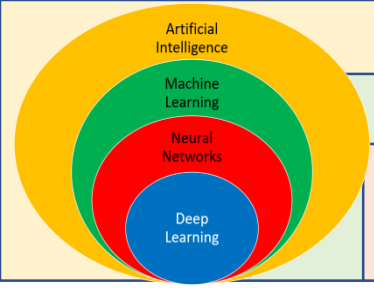
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Machine learning methods

- ❖ **Supervised machine learning algorithms.** The system is able to provide targets for any new input after sufficient training.





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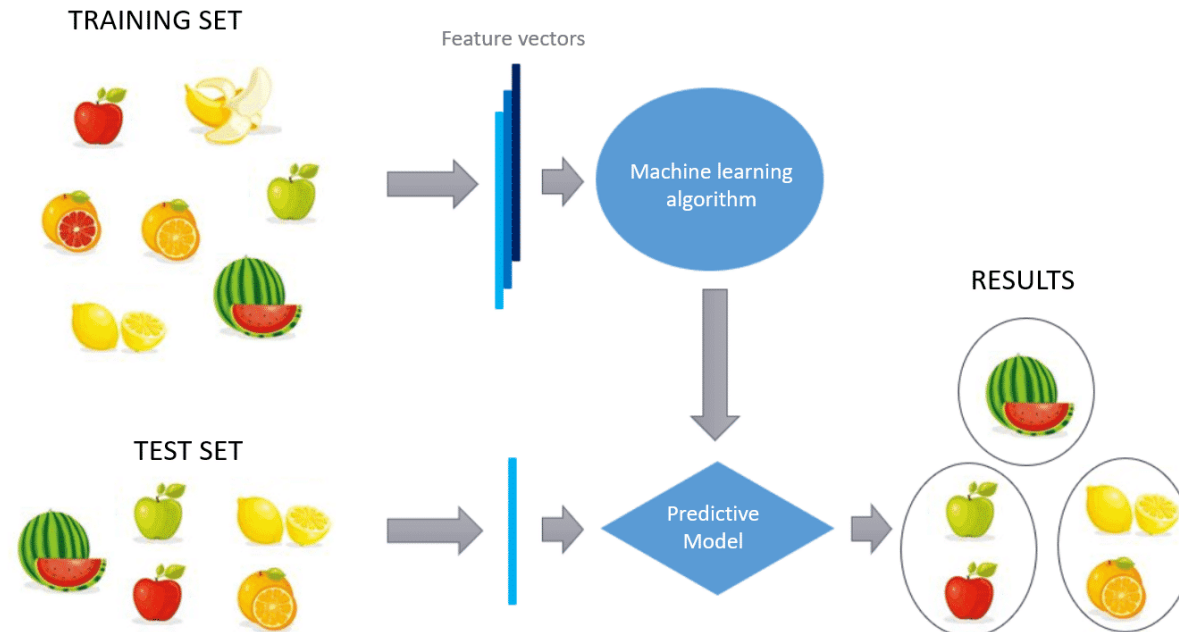
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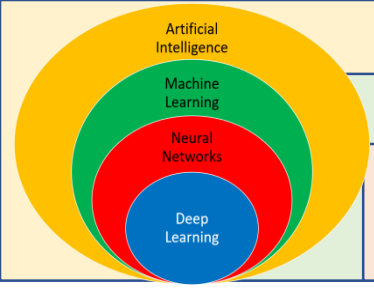
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Machine learning methods

- ❖ **Unsupervised machine learning algorithms.** The system doesn't figure out the right output, but it explores the data and can draw inferences from datasets to describe hidden structures from unlabeled data.





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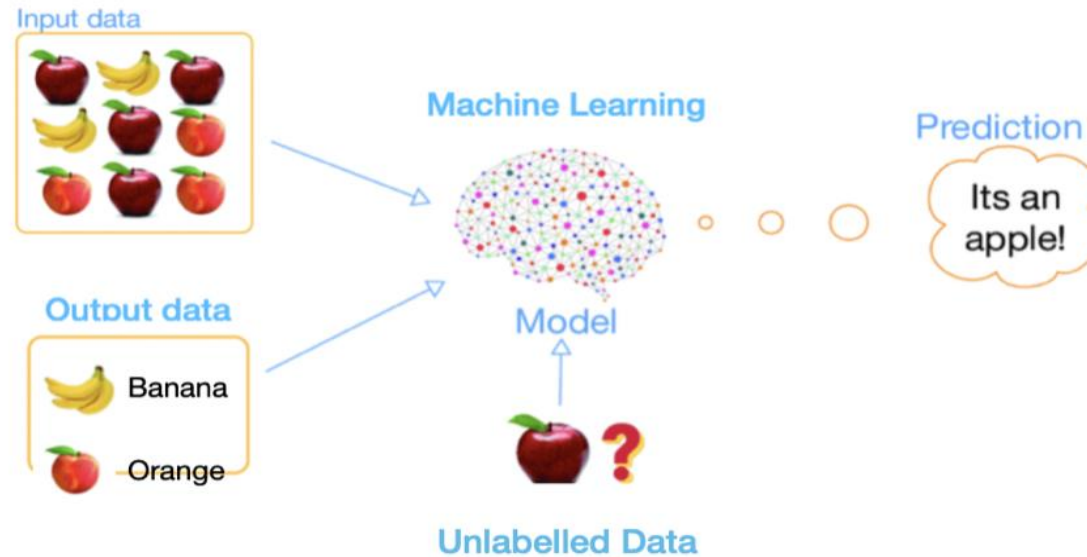
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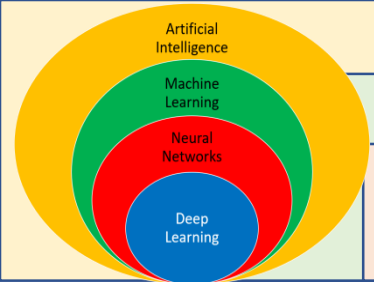
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Machine learning methods

- ❖ **Semi-supervised machine learning algorithms.** Usually, semi-supervised learning is chosen when the acquired labeled data requires skilled and relevant resources in order to train it / learn from it.





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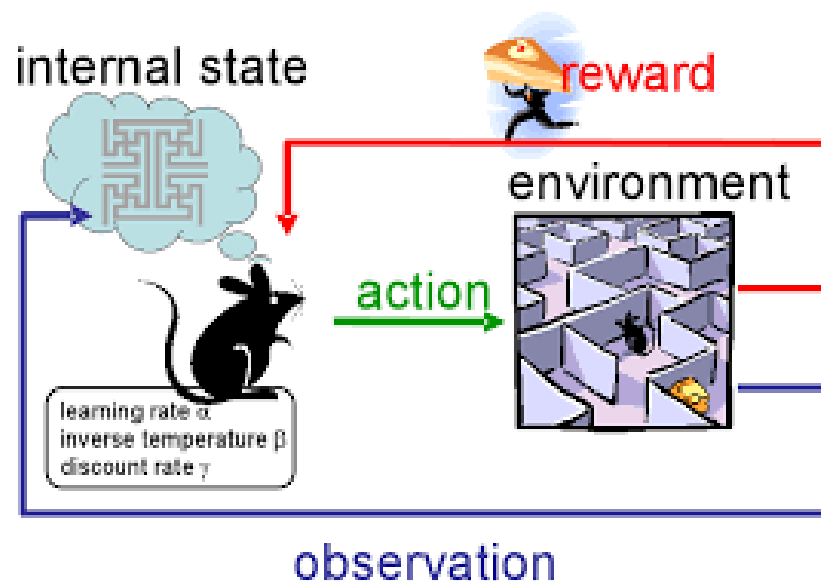
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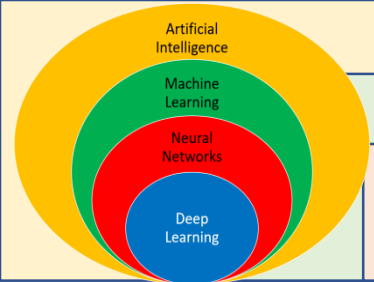
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Machine learning methods

- ❖ **Reinforcement machine learning algorithms.** It is a learning method that interacts with its environment by producing actions and discovers errors or rewards (Trial and error search).





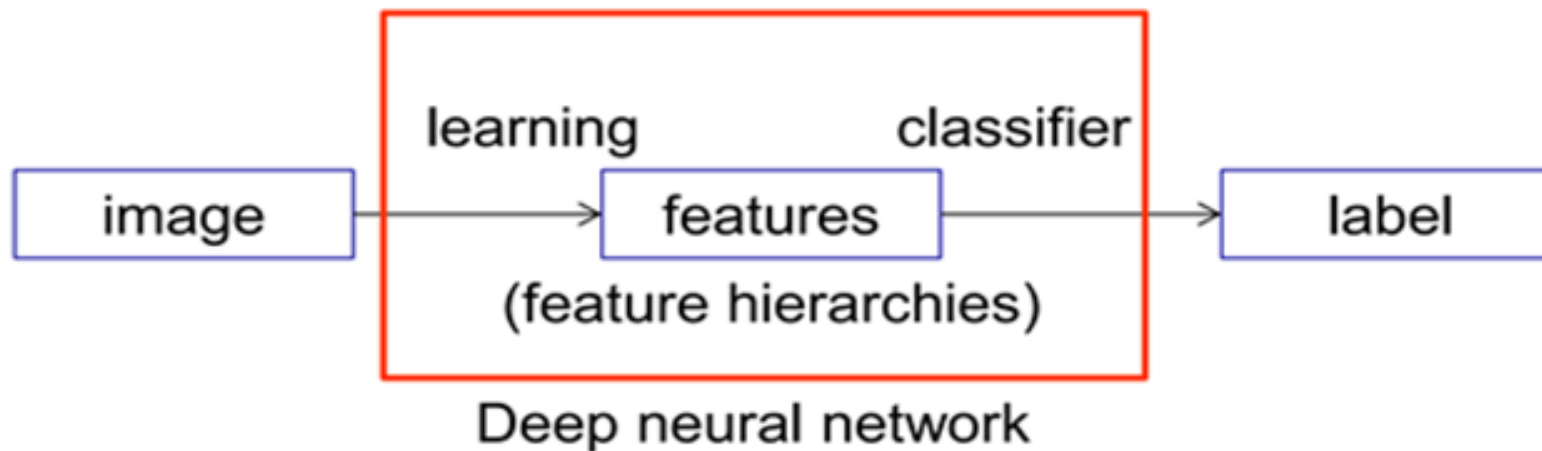
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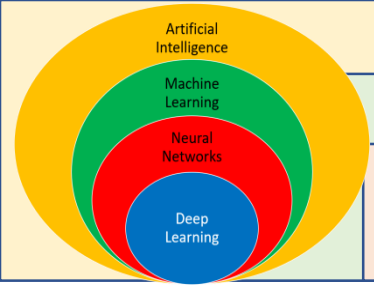
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What is the “Deep Learning” ?





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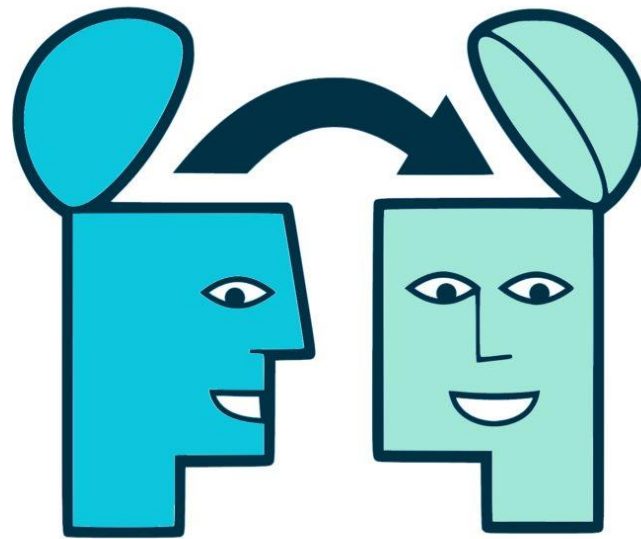
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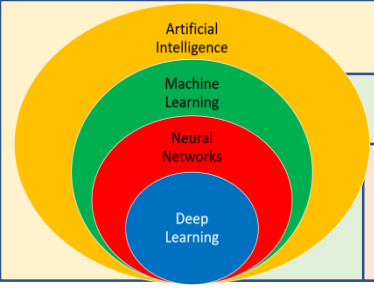
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Learning methods in DL

- ❖ **Transfer learning.** This process involves perfecting a previously trained model.





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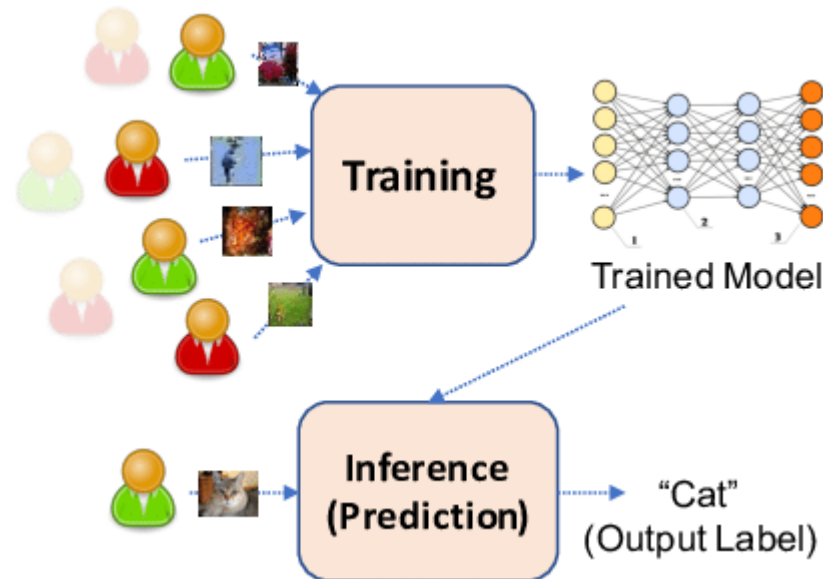
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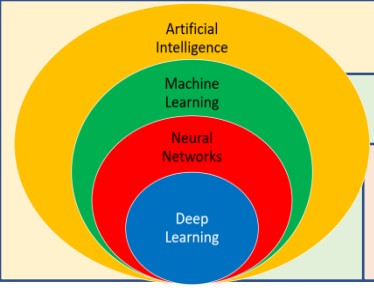
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Learning methods in DL

- ❖ **Training from scratch.** This method requires a developer to collect a large labeled data set and configure a network architecture that can learn the features and model.





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Deep learning examples

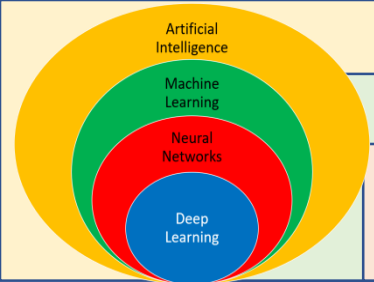
❖ Customer experience



[Microsoft](#) has long used deep and machine learning, as well as neural networks, to enhance and develop their systems.



[Google](#) has been using these systems to improve YouTube video recommendations for a number of years now.



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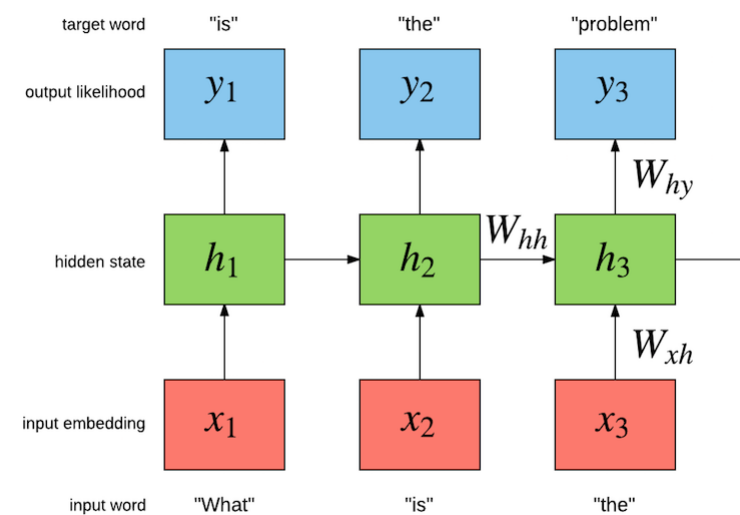
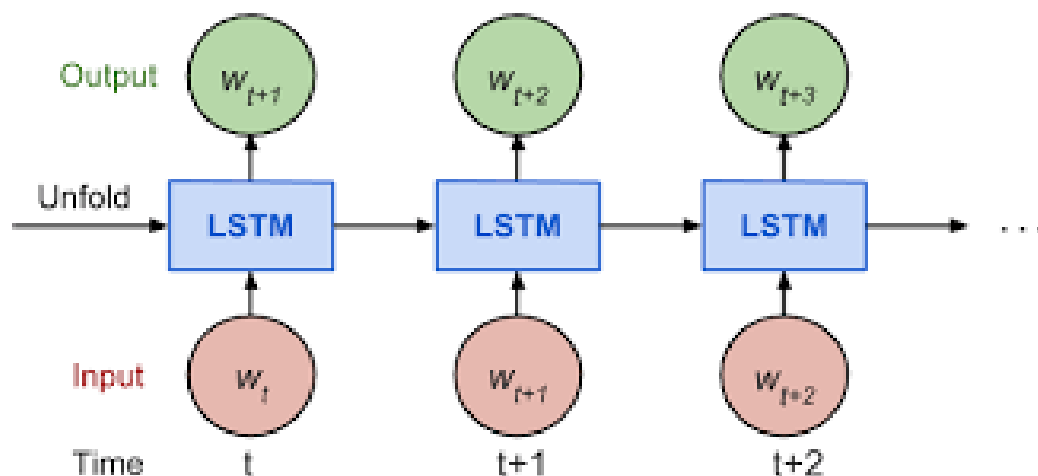
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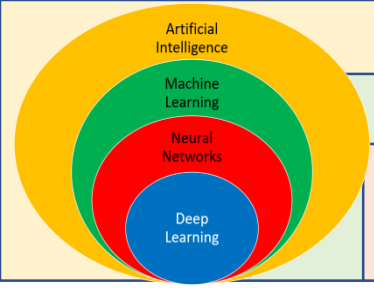
Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Deep learning examples

❖ Text generation





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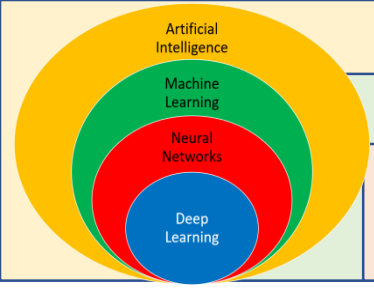
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Deep learning examples

❖ Aerospace and military





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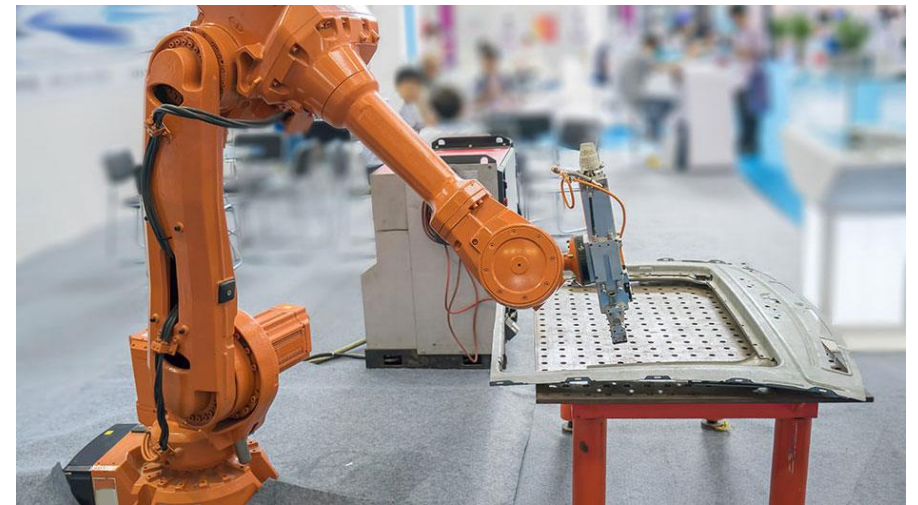
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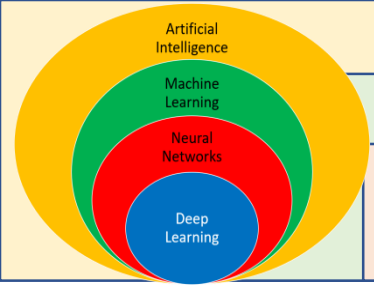
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Learning methods in DL

❖ Industrial automation





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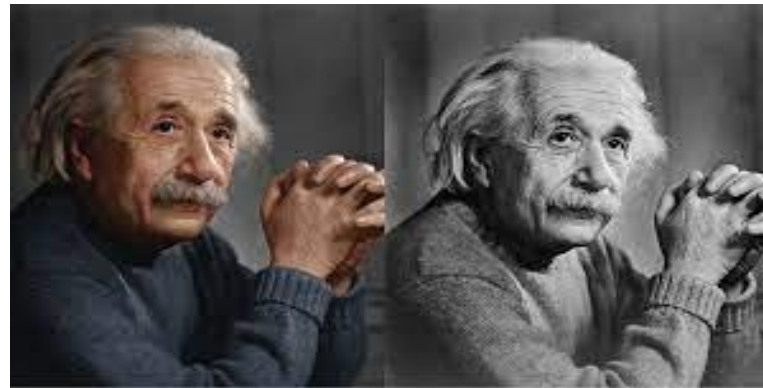
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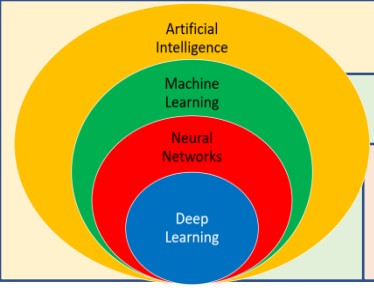
Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Learning methods in DL

❖ Colorization





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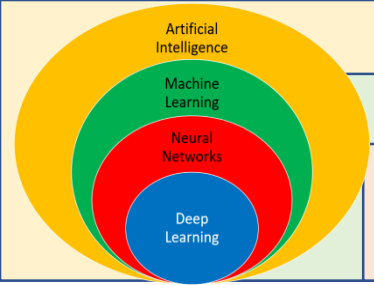
Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Learning methods in DL

❖ Medical research





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Neural Networks (NNs)

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Learning methods in DL

❖ Computer vision



Image Classification



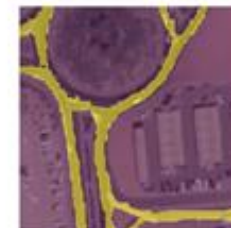
Object Detection

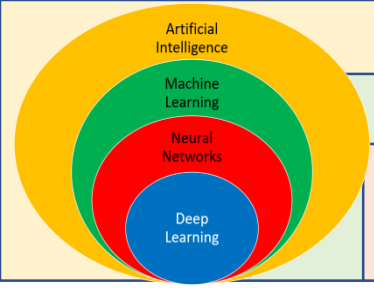


Semantic Segmentation



Instance Segmentation





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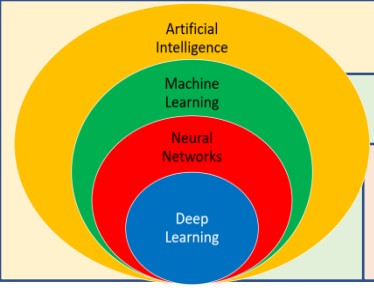
Neural Networks (NNs)

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Limitations and challenges

- ❖ The biggest limitation of deep learning models is they learn through observations. This means **they only know what was in the data on which they trained.**





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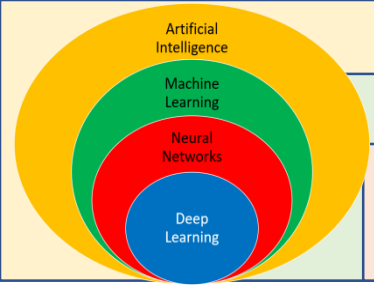
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Limitations and challenges

- ❖ The issue of **biases** is also a major problem for deep learning models.





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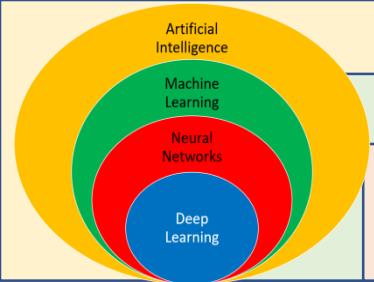
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Limitations and challenges

- ❖ The **learning rate** can also become a major challenge to deep learning models.





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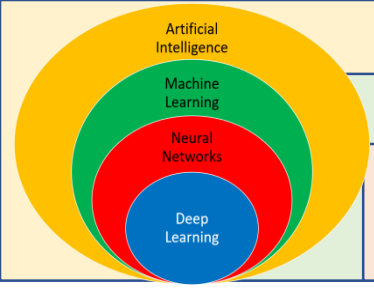
Neural Networks (NNs)

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Limitations and challenges

- ❖ The **hardware** requirements for deep learning models can also create limitations.





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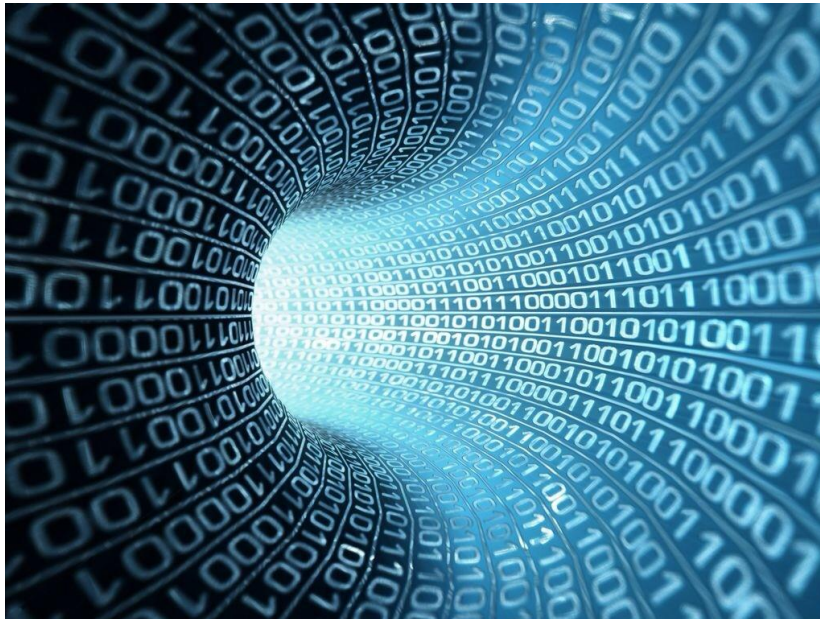
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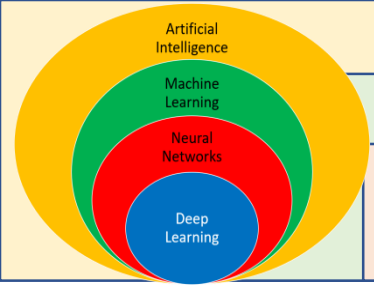
Neural Networks (NNs)

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Limitations and challenges

- ❖ Deep learning requires **large amounts of data**.





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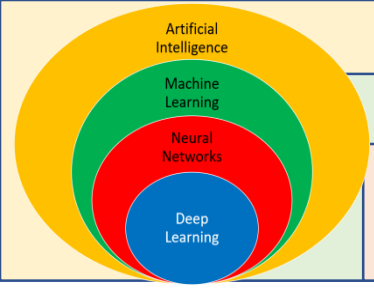
Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Limitations and challenges

- ❖ They can deliver efficient and accurate solutions but only to **one specific problem** (Not multi-tasking).





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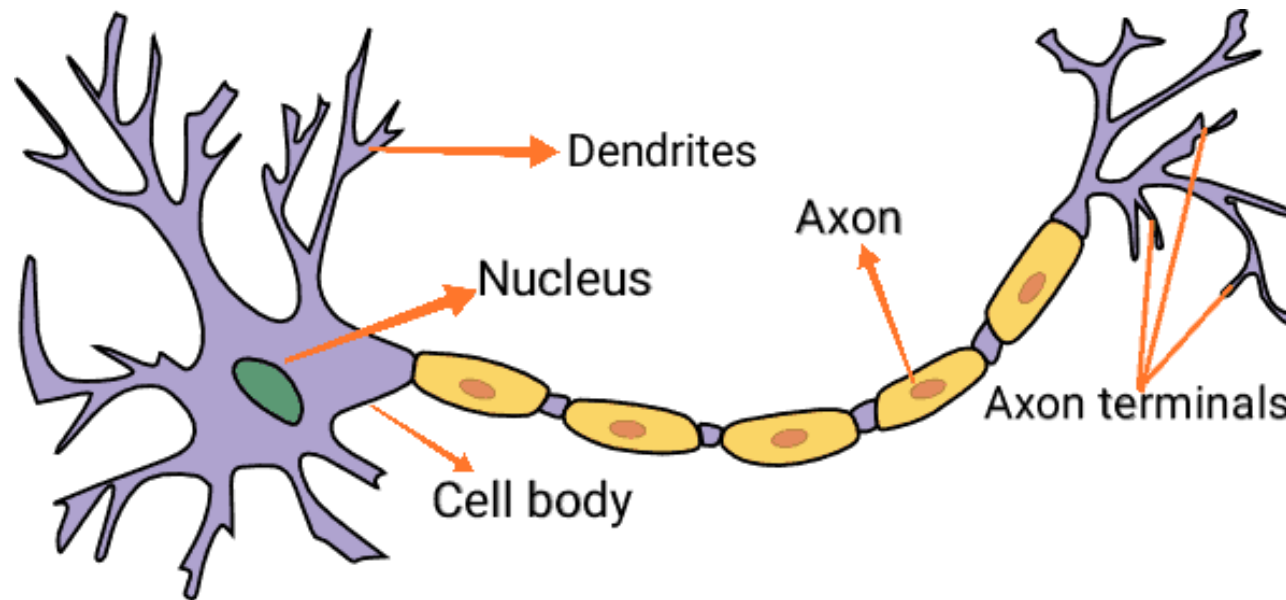
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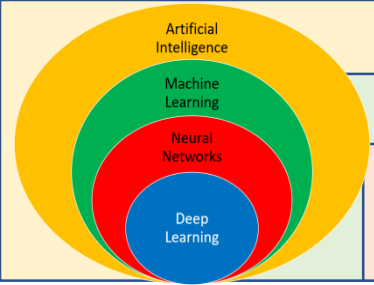
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Artificial Neural Networks (ANNs)

- ❖ ANNs are at the core of Deep Learning an advanced version of Machine Learning techniques.





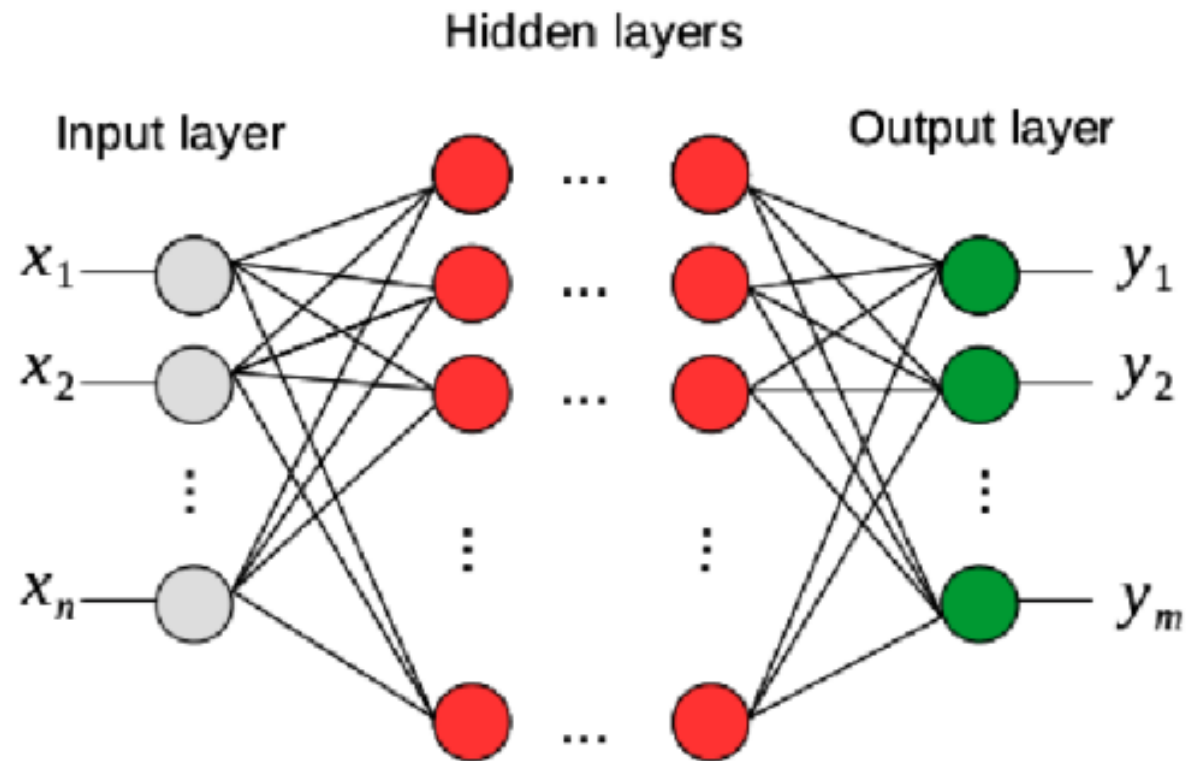
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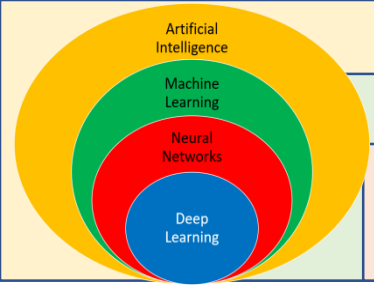
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

The Neural Network Architecture





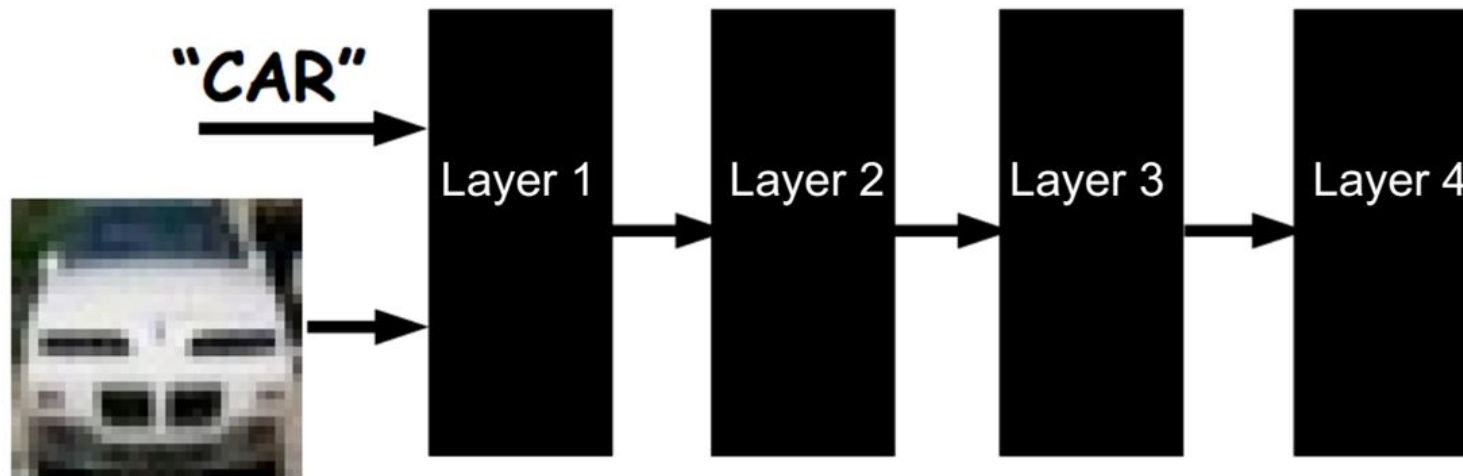
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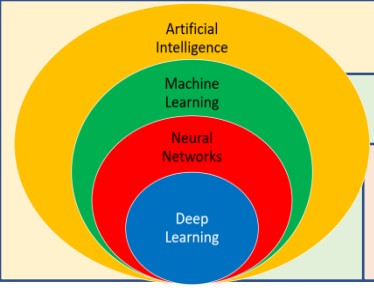
Deep Learning (DL)

Intuition behind Deep Neural Networks



NOTE: Each black box can have trainable parameters.
Their composition makes a highly non-linear system.

The final layer outputs a probability distribution of categories.



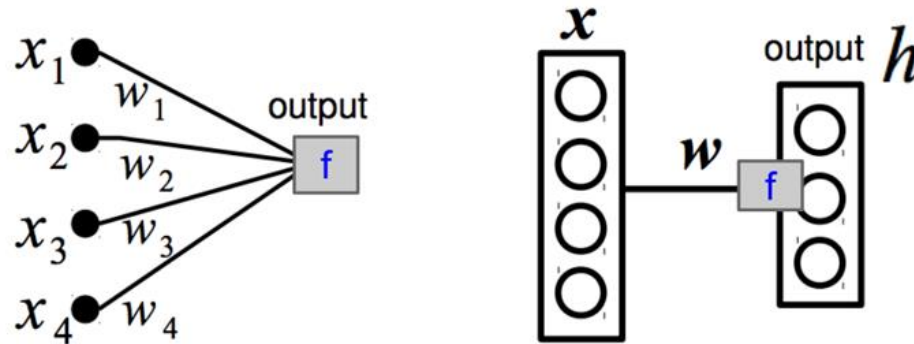
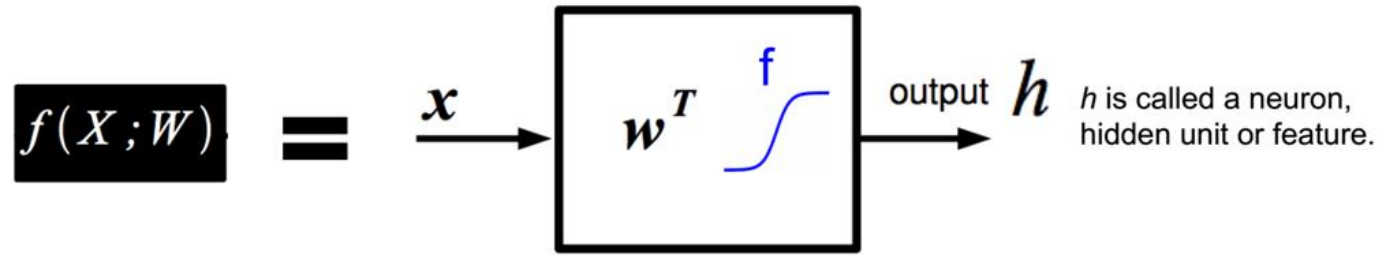
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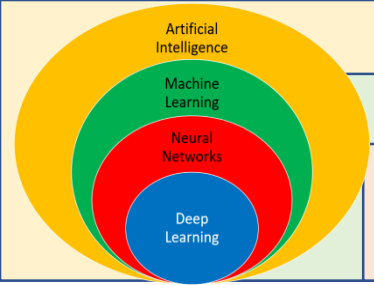
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Graphical representation





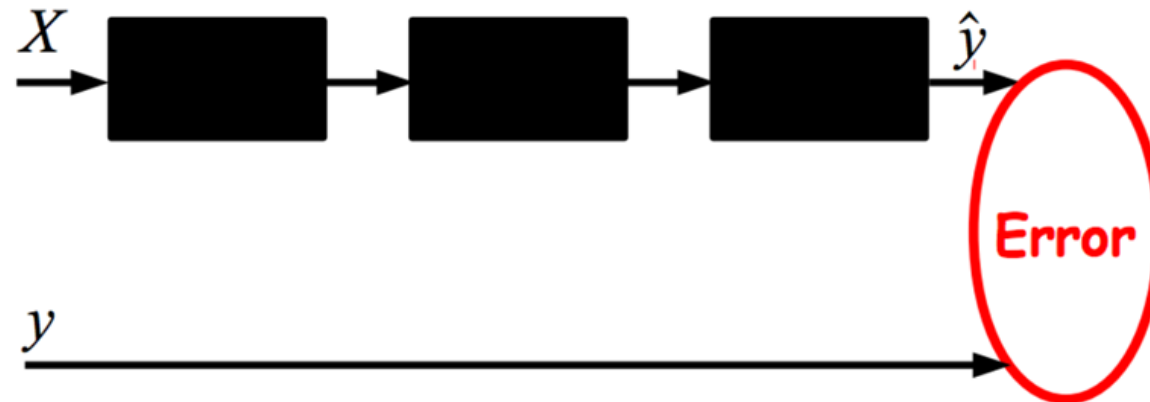
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Neural Networks (NNs)

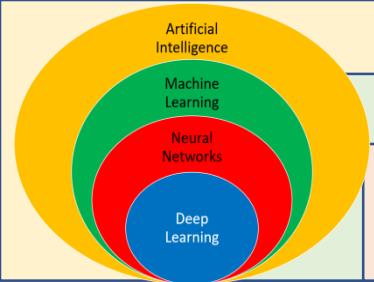
Deep Learning (DL)

Joint training architecture overview



NOTE: Multi-layer neural nets with more than two layers are nowadays called **deep nets**!!

NOTE: User must specify number of layers, number of hidden units, type of layers and loss function.



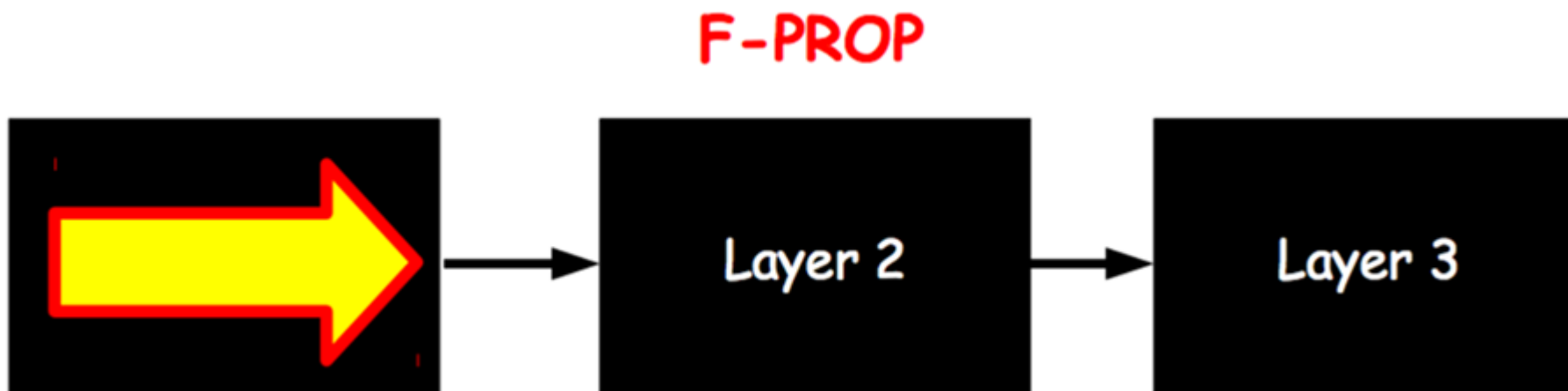
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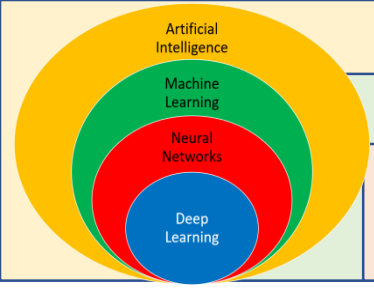
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

NNs training





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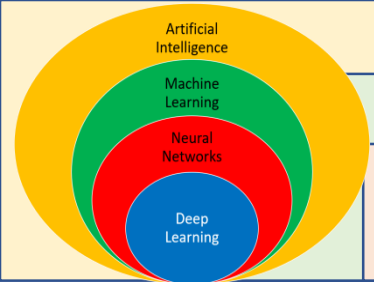
Machine Learning (ML)

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NNs training





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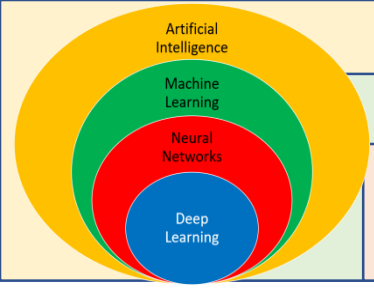
Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

NNs training

F-PROP





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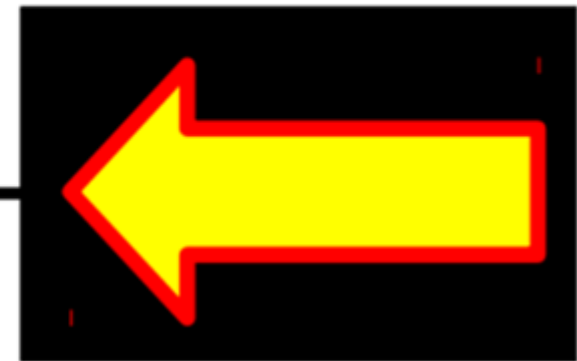
Machine Learning (ML)

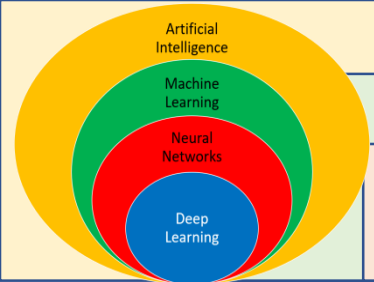
Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

NNs training

B-PROP





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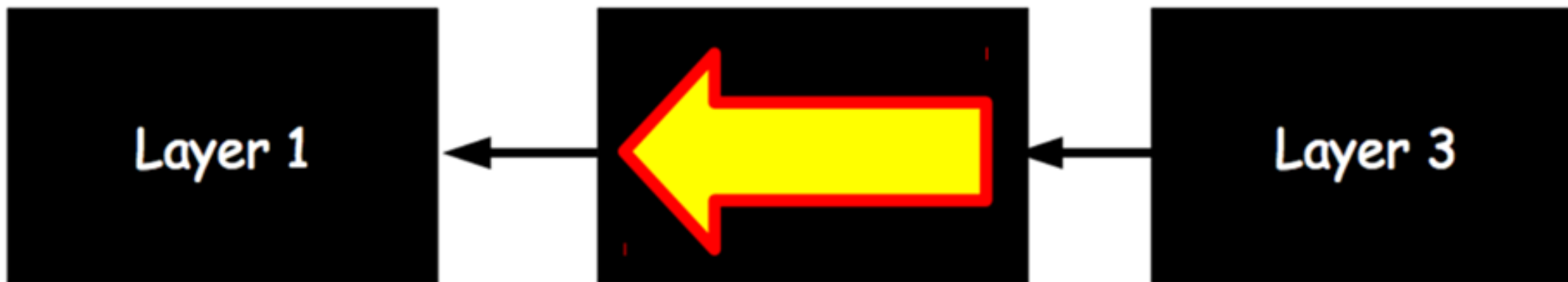
Machine Learning (ML)

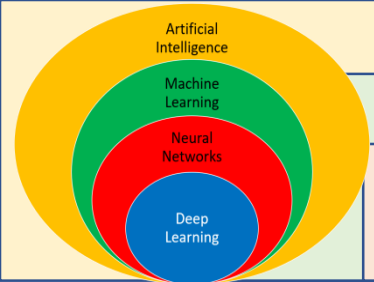
Neural Networks (NNs)

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NNs training

B-PROP





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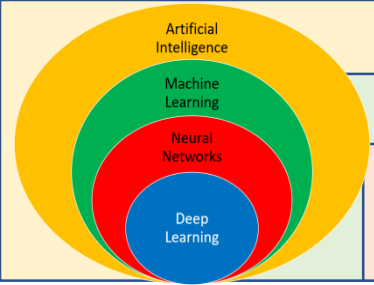
Deep Learning (DL)

NNs training

B-PROP



Use gradient to update parameters $W \leftarrow W - \eta \frac{dL}{dW}$



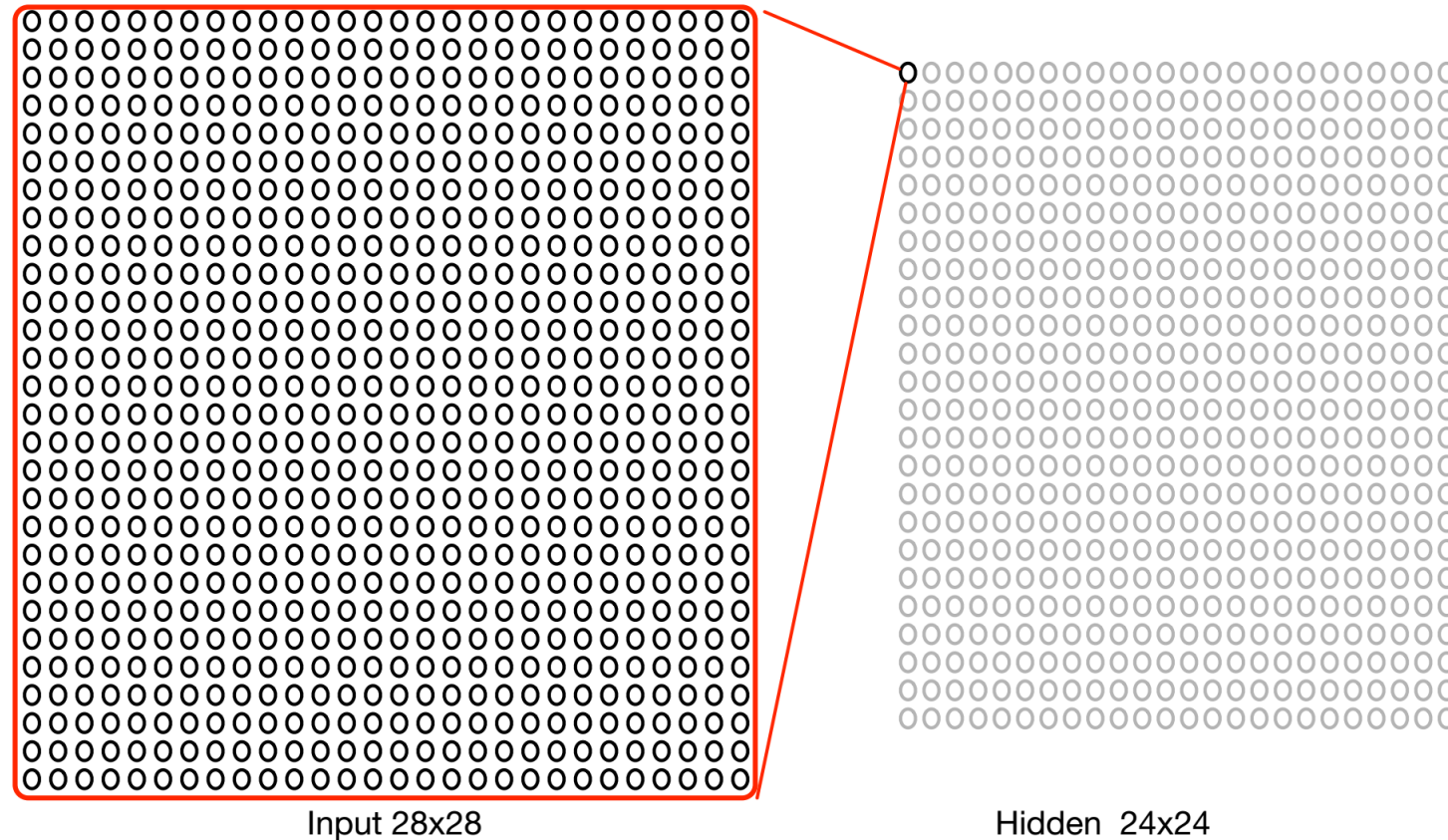
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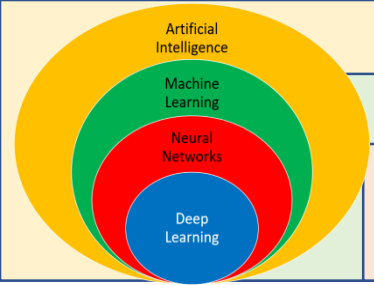
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Traditional NNs





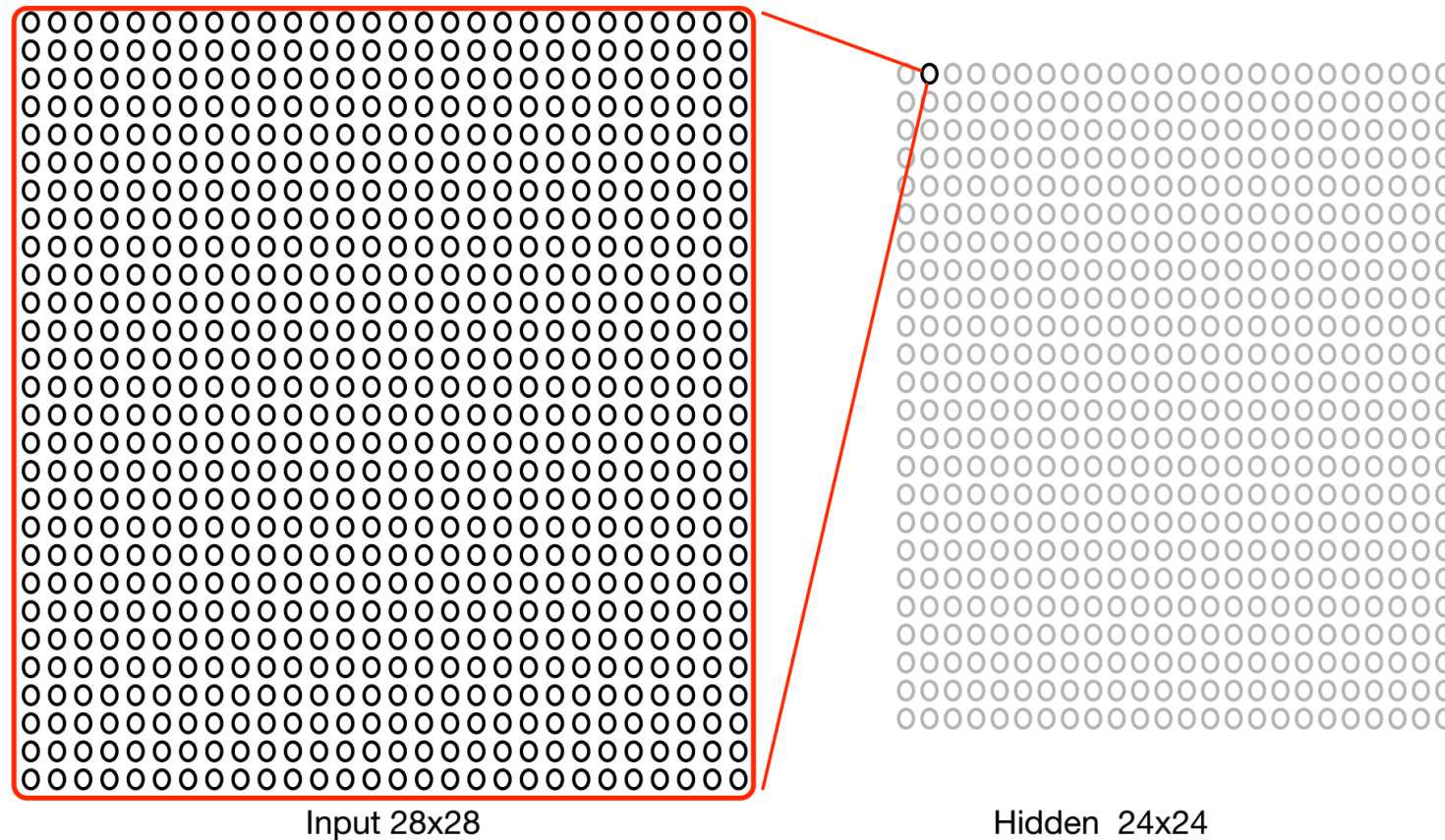
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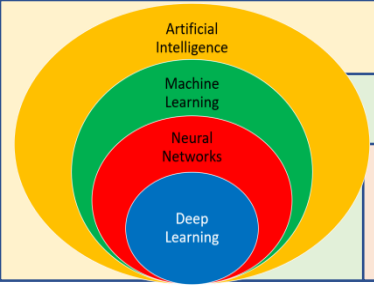
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Traditional NNs





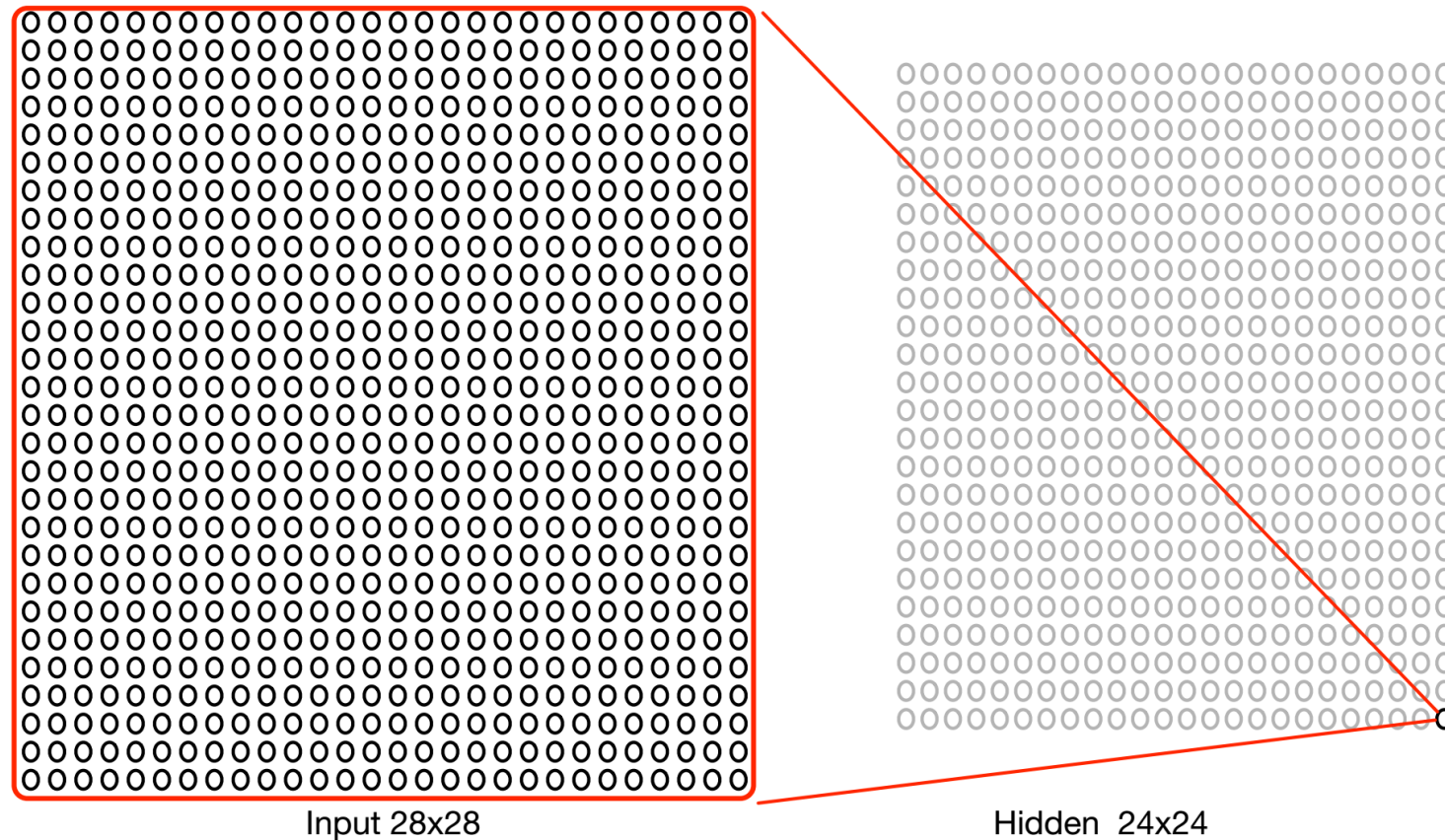
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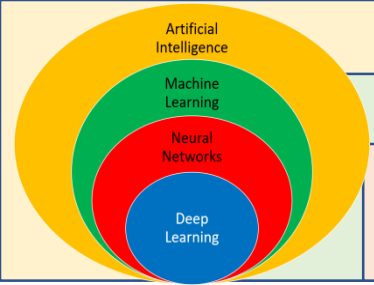
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Traditional NNs





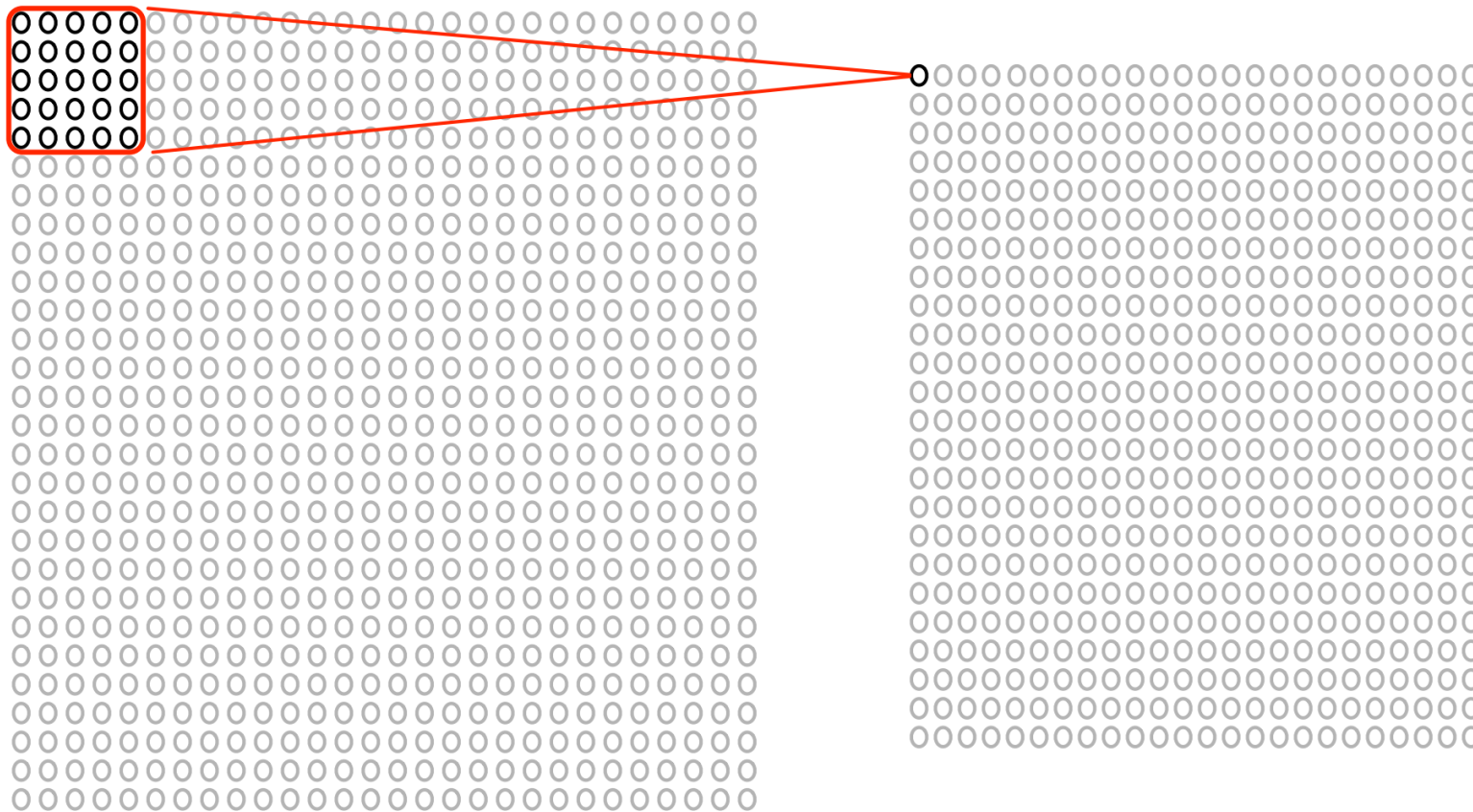
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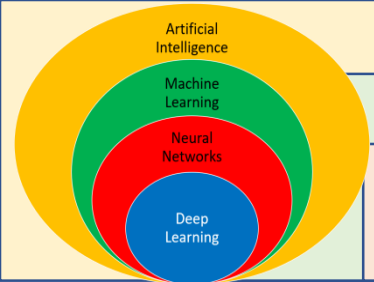
Deep Learning (DL)

CNNs



Input 28x28

Hidden 24x24



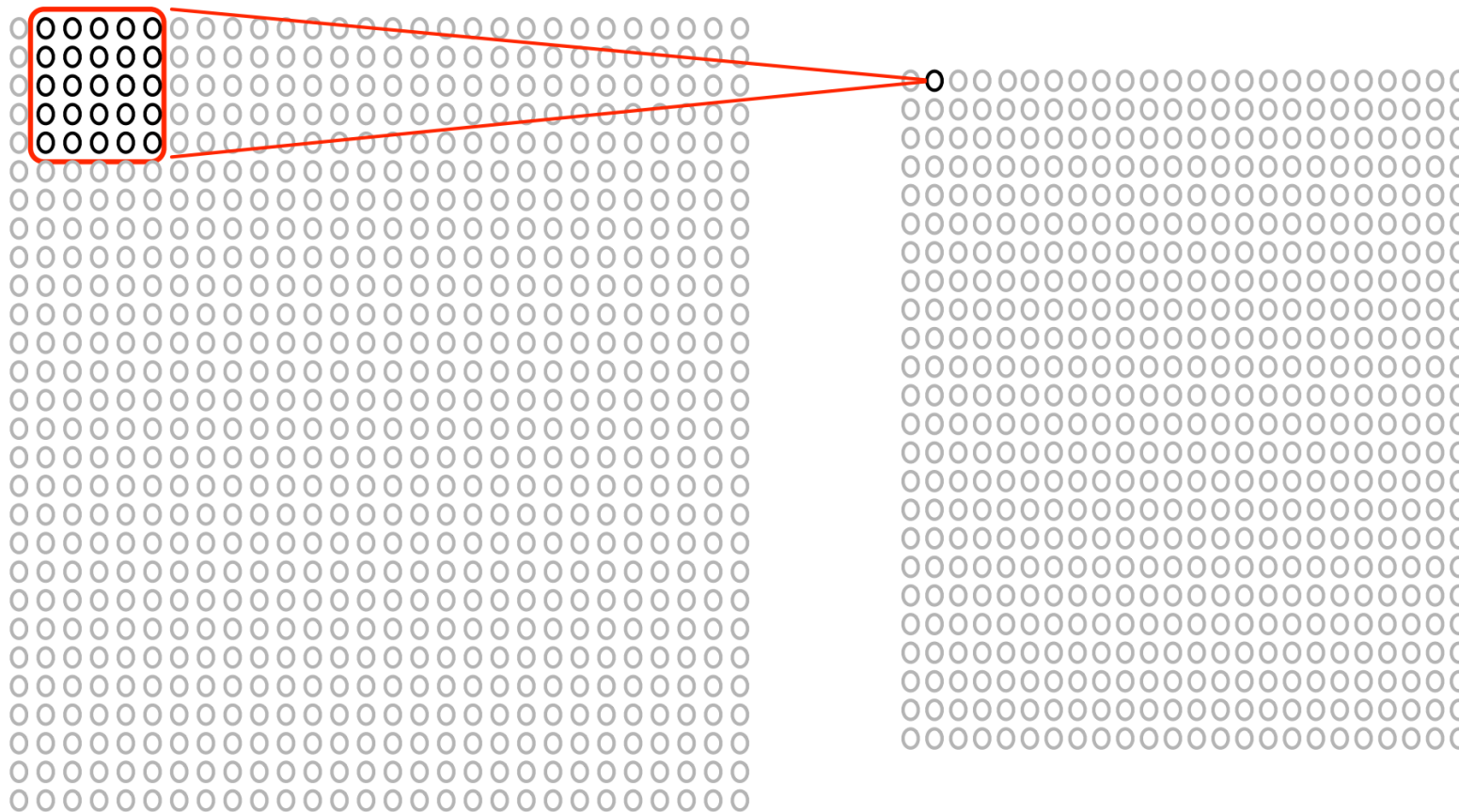
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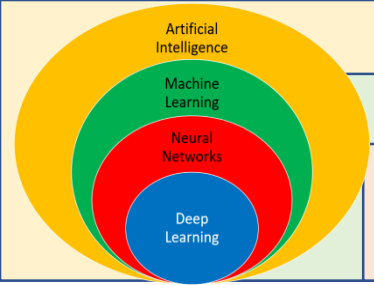
Deep Learning (DL)

CNNs



Input 28x28

Hidden 24x24



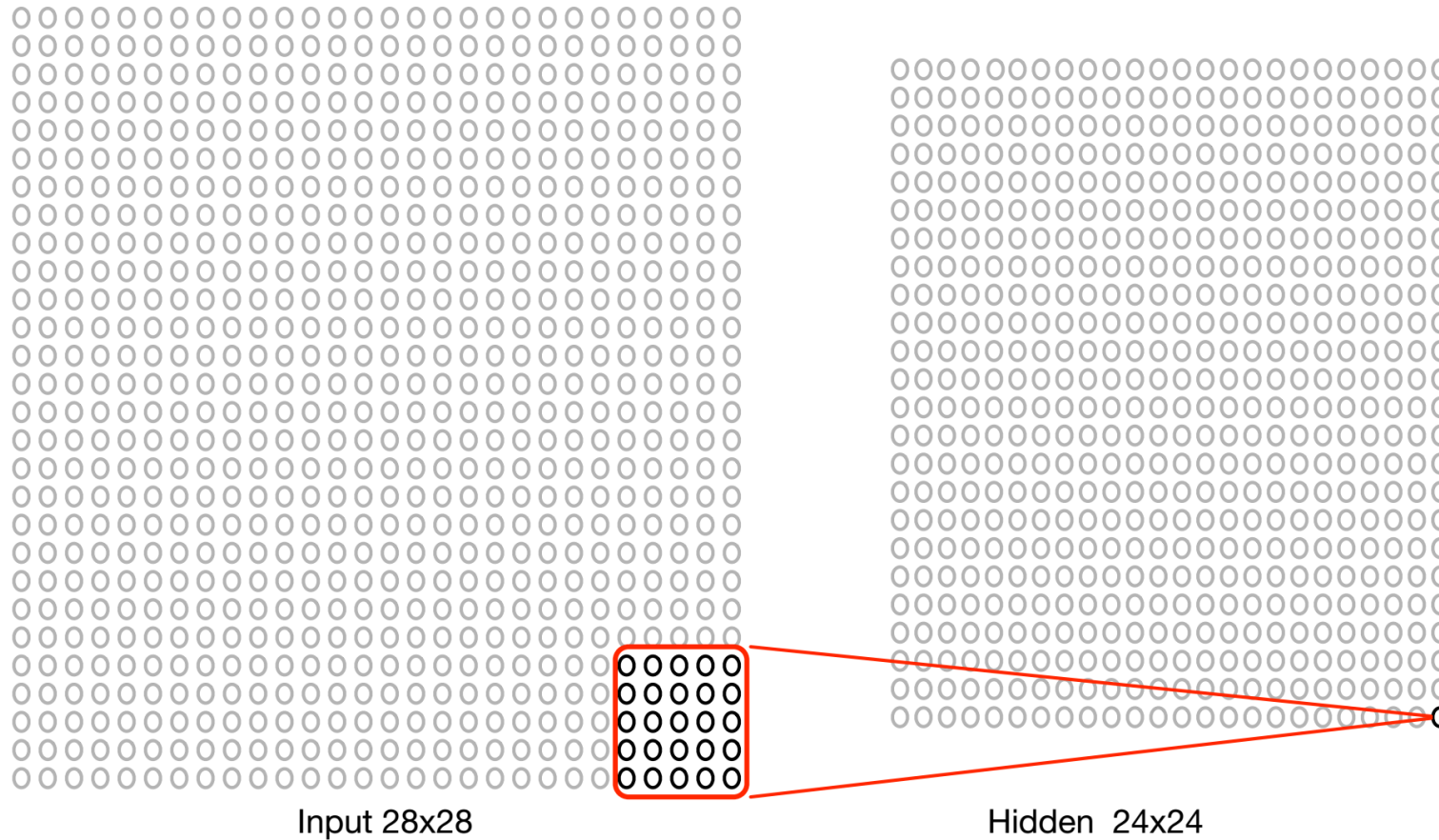
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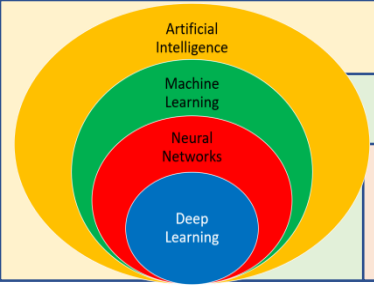
Deep Learning (DL)

CNNs



Input 28x28

Hidden 24x24



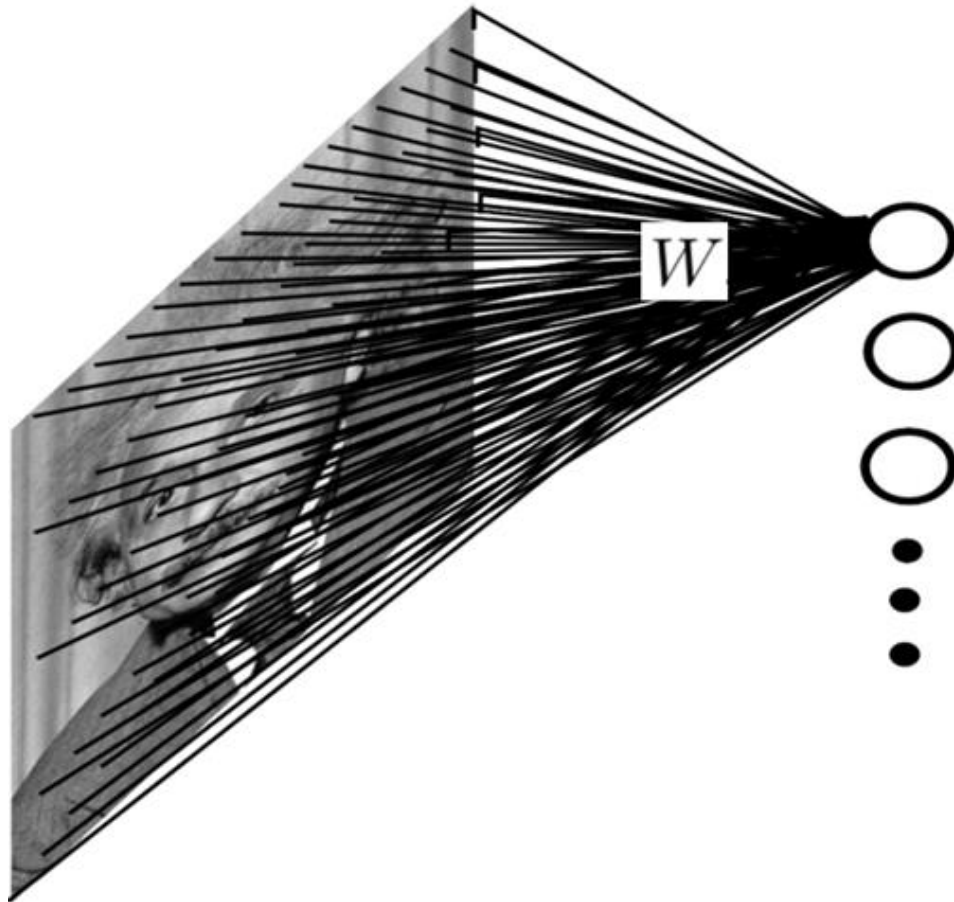
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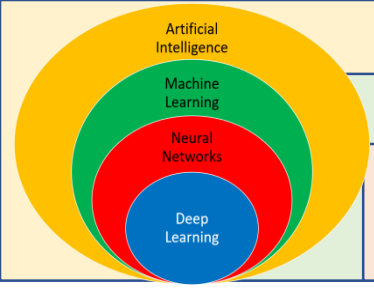
Deep Learning (DL)

CNNs



| | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|---|---|
| 3_0 | 3_1 | 2_2 | 1 | 0 |
| 0_2 | 0_2 | 1_0 | 3 | 1 |
| 3_0 | 1_1 | 2_2 | 2 | 3 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

| | | |
|------|------|------|
| 12.0 | 12.0 | 17.0 |
| 10.0 | 17.0 | 19.0 |
| 9.0 | 6.0 | 14.0 |



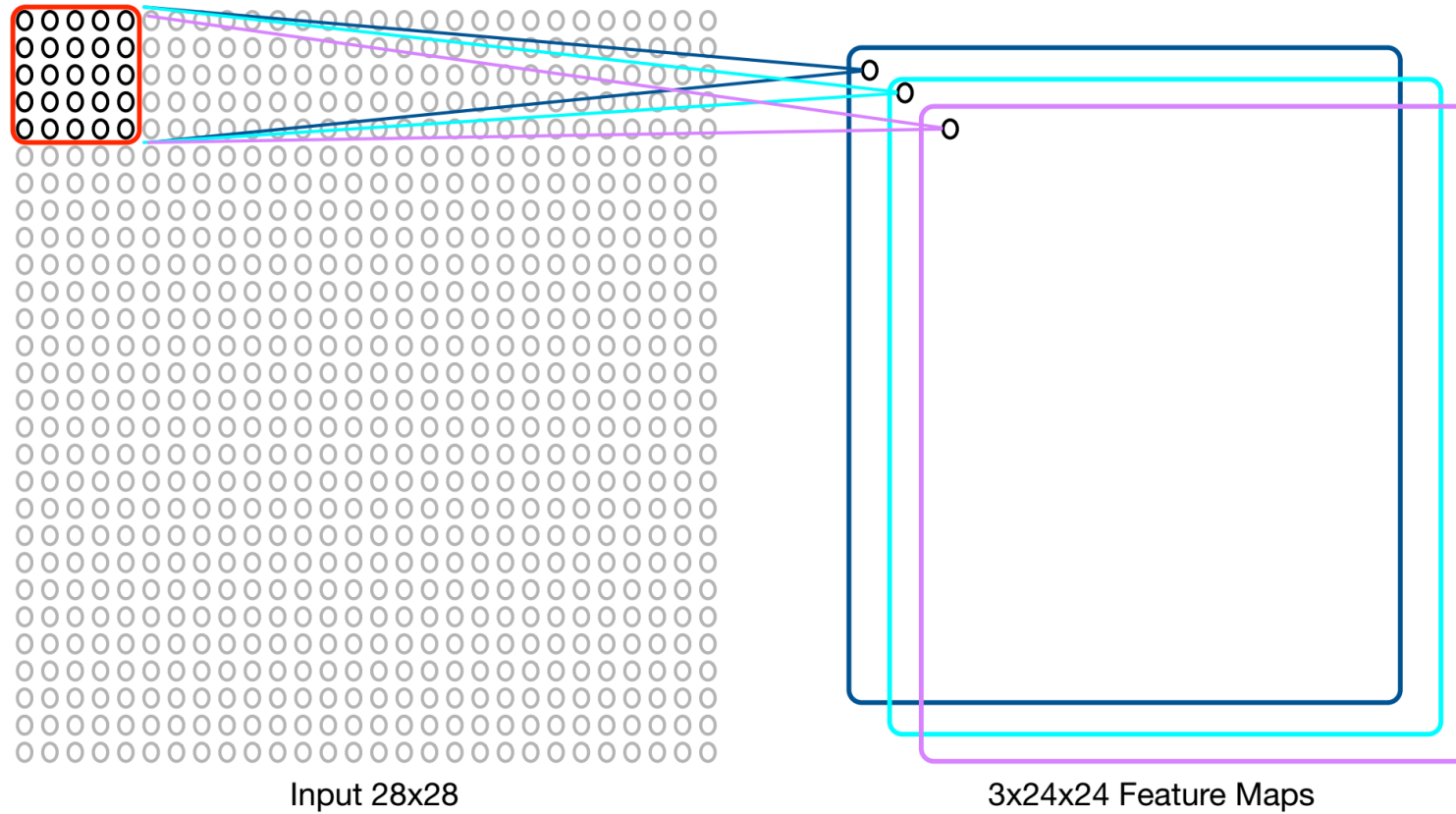
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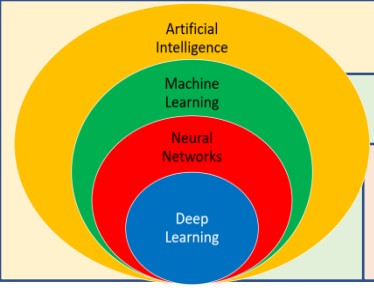
Deep Learning (DL)

CNNs



Input 28x28

3x24x24 Feature Maps



Artificial Intelligence (AI)

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Deep Learning (DL)

The multi-channel version



Red

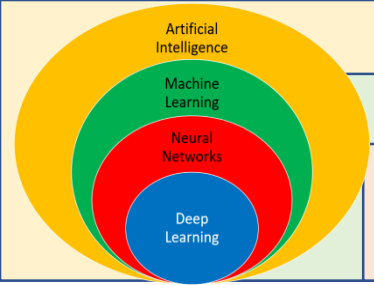


Green



Blue





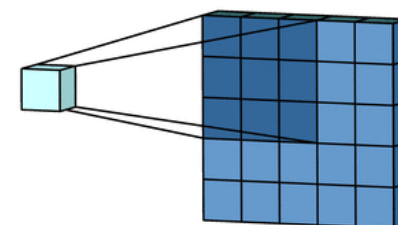
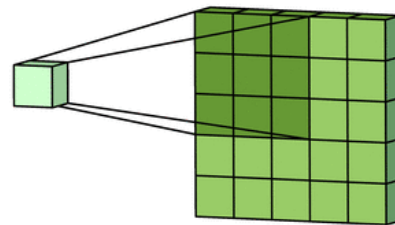
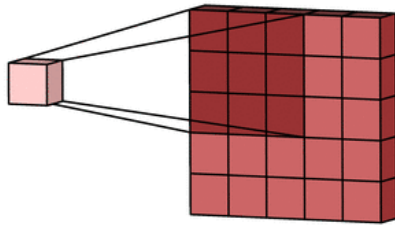
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

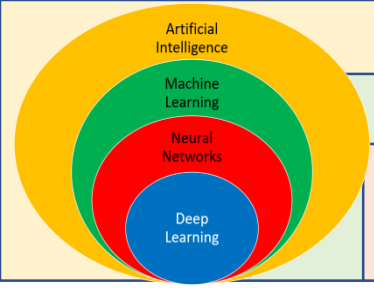
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

The multi-channel version





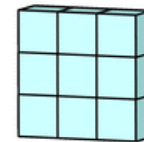
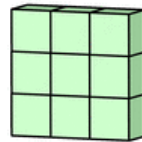
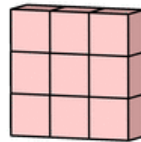
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

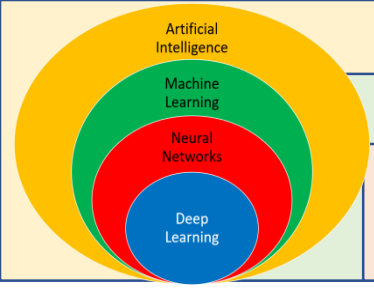
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

The multi-channel version





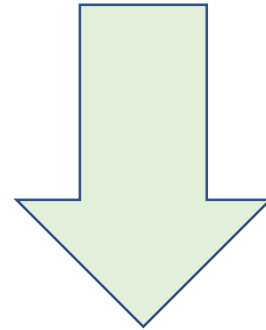
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Machine Learning (ML)

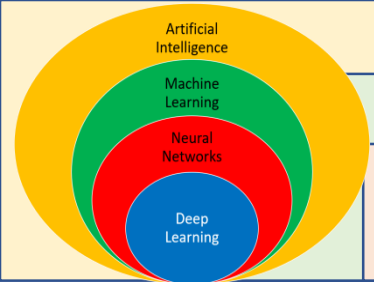
Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Convolutions are still linear transforms!



Using Fully Connected Layers for adding non-linearity!



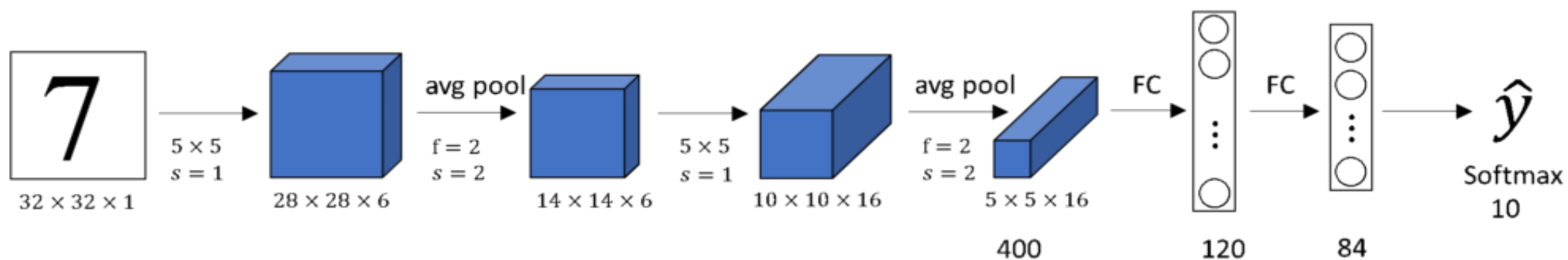
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Machine Learning (ML)

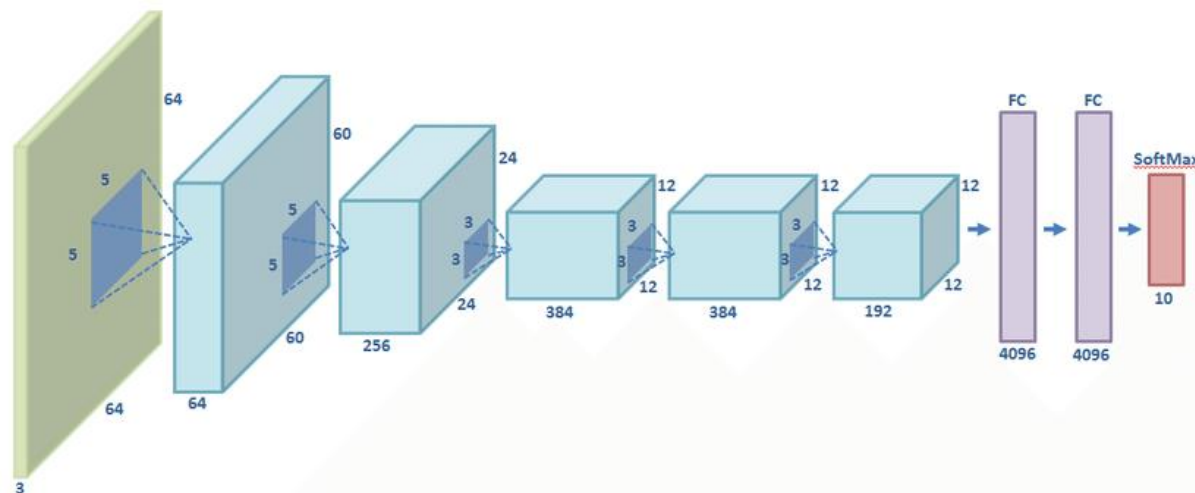
Neural Networks (NNs)

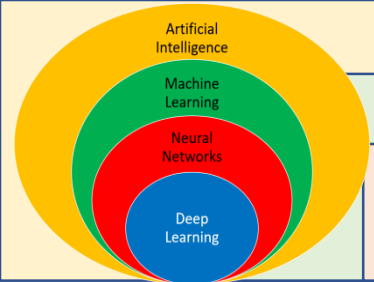
Deep Learning (DL)

LeNet-5!



AlexNet!





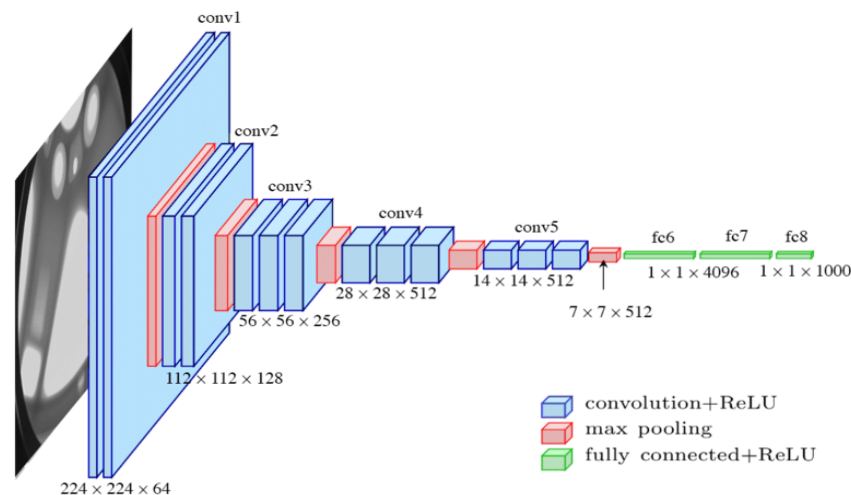
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Machine Learning (ML)

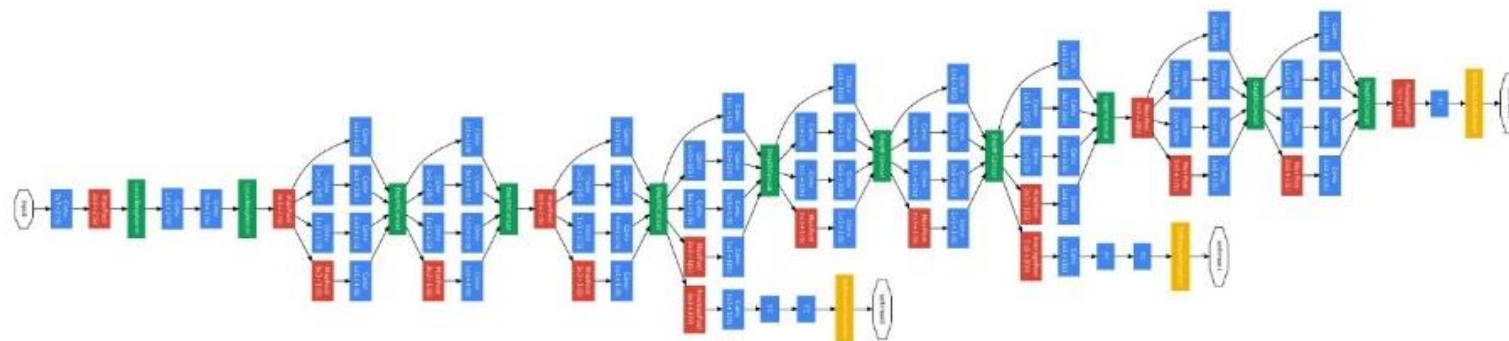
Neural Networks (NNs)

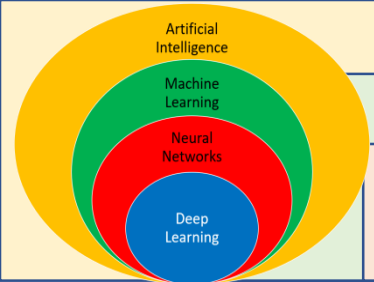
Deep Learning (DL)

VGG16 and VGG19!



GoogleNet (Inception v1)!





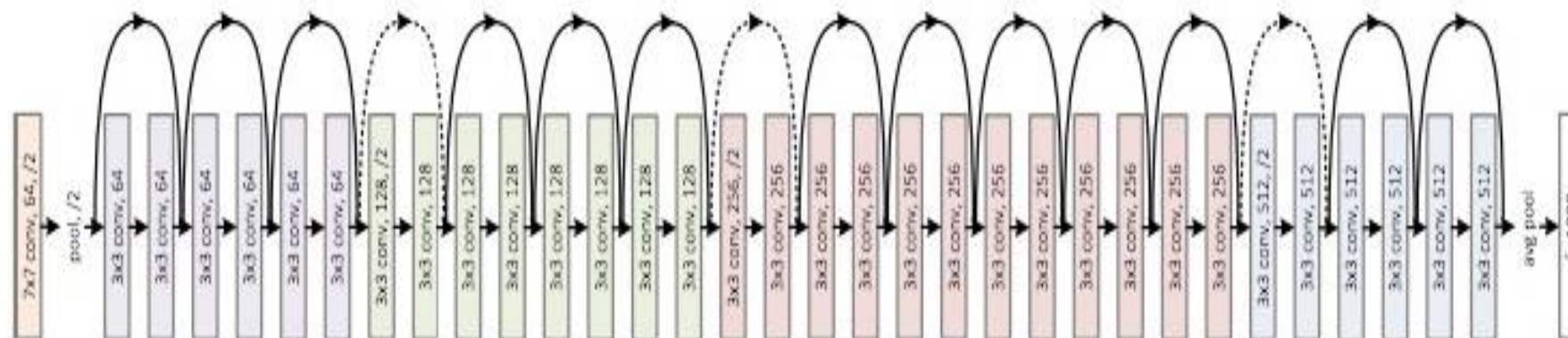
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

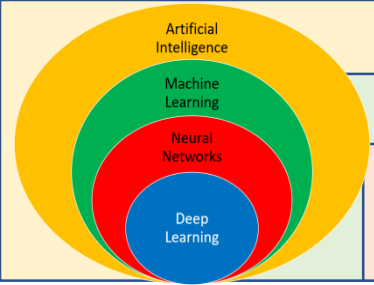
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

ResNet50!





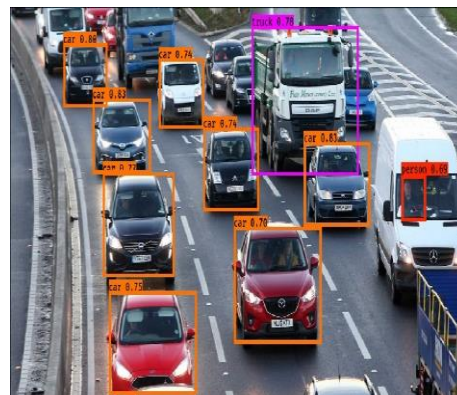
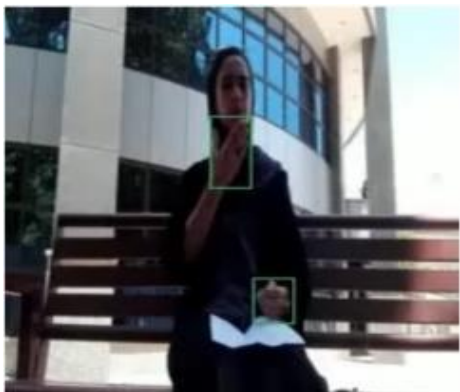
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Machine Learning (ML)

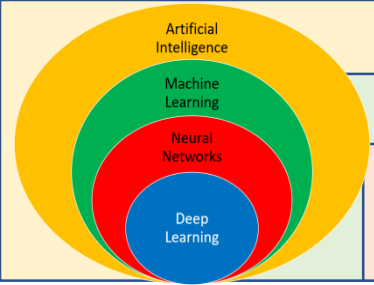
Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Applications!



| Brain Tumor Image | Brain Non Tumor Image |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |



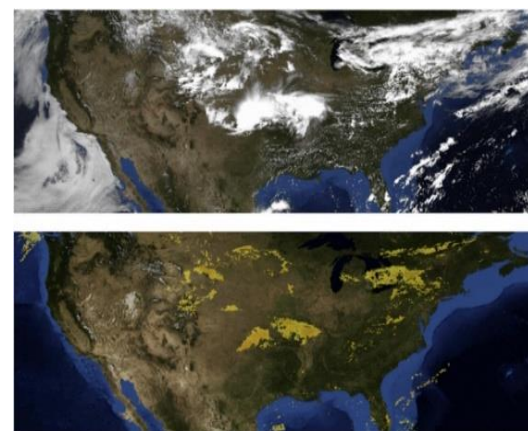
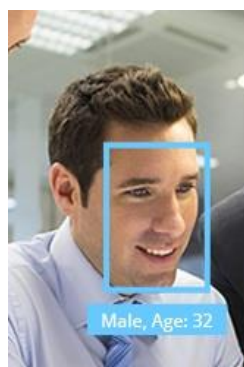
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

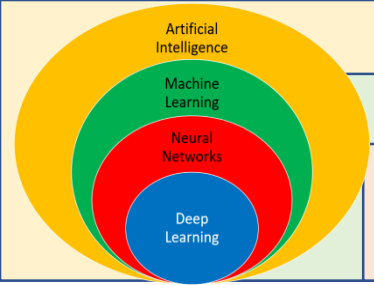
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Applications!





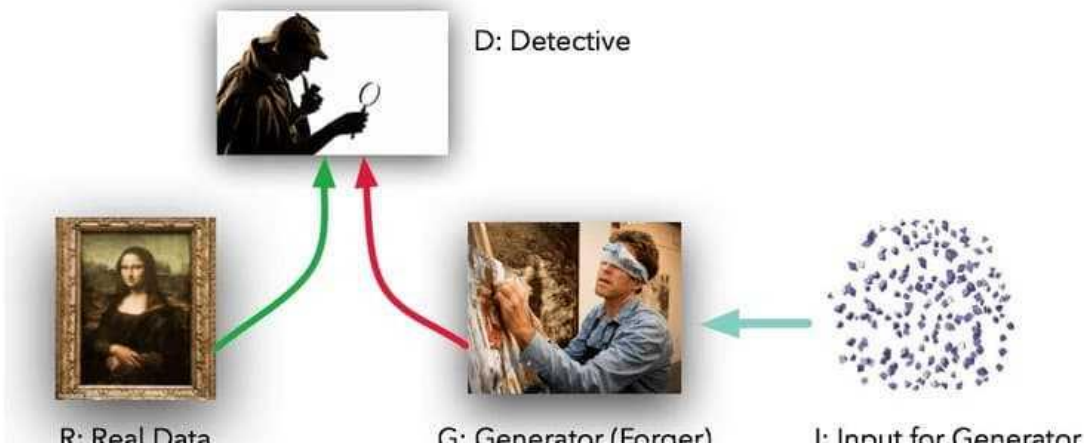
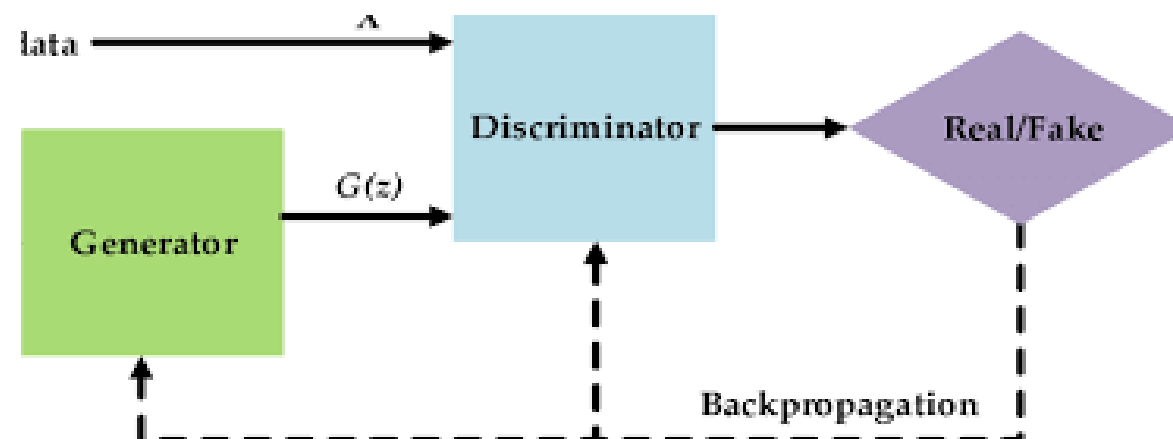
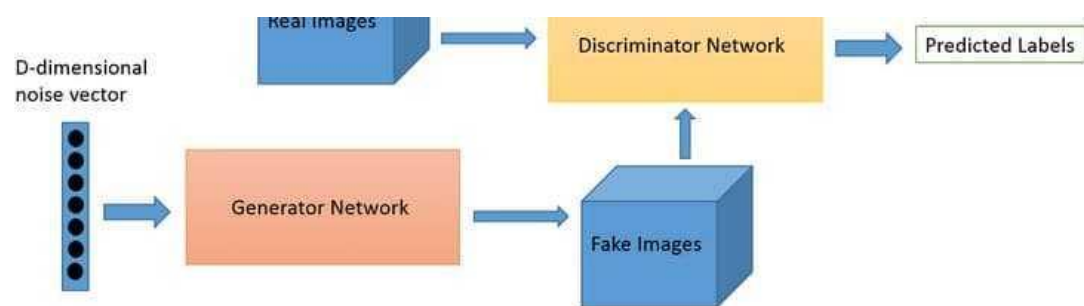
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

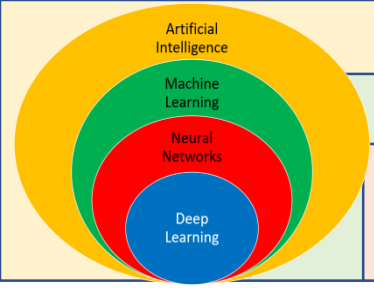
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Generative Adversarial Network (GAN)





Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Generative Adversarial Network (GAN)

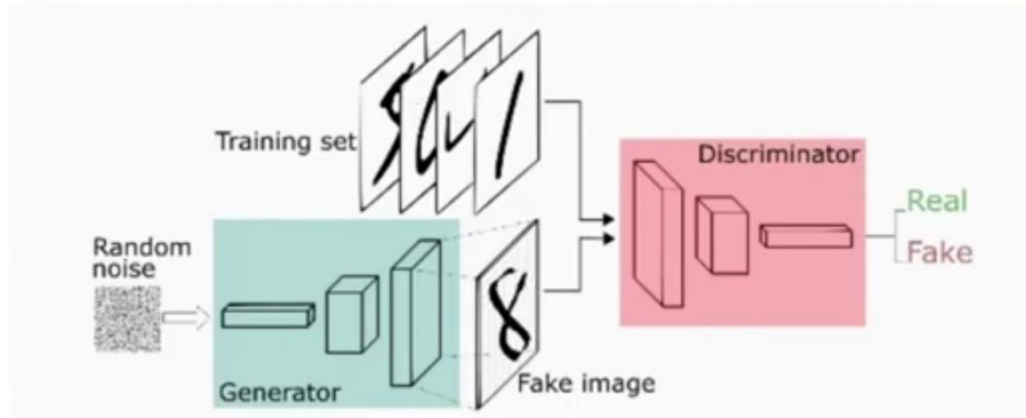
Components of GAN

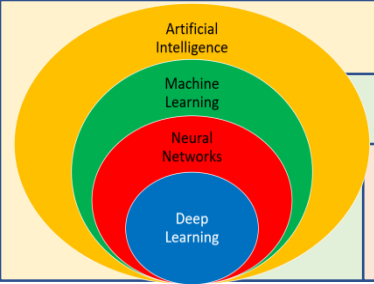


Generator



Discriminator





Artificial Intelligence (AI)

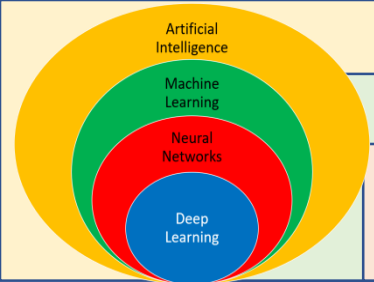
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Generative Adversarial Network (GAN)





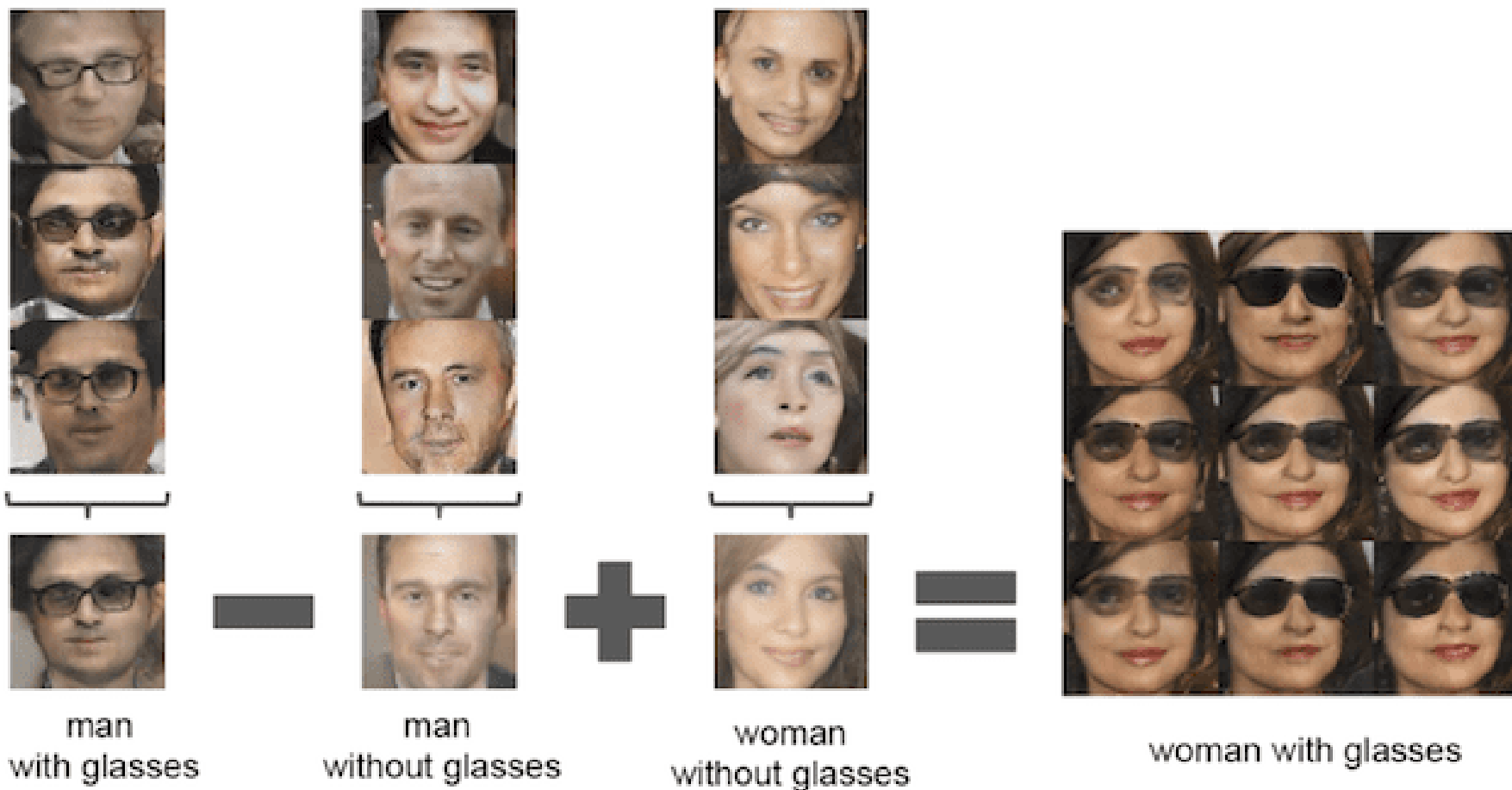
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

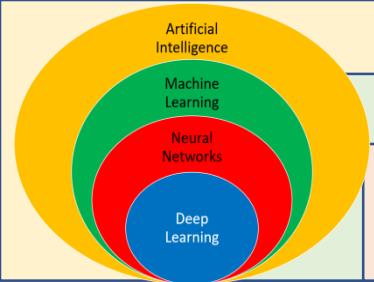
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Generative Adversarial Network (GAN)





Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Generative Adversarial Network (GAN)



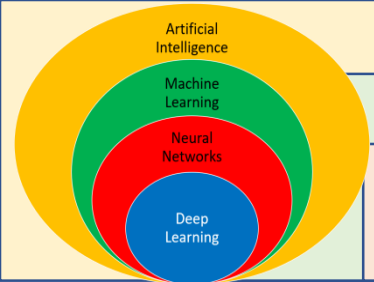
(a)

(b)



(c)

(d)



Artificial Intelligence (AI)

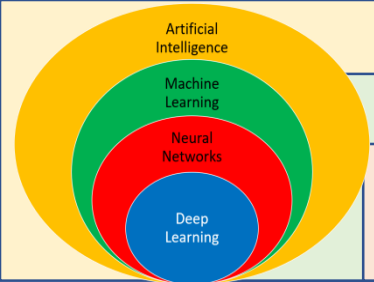
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Generative Adversarial Network (GAN)





Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Generative Adversarial Network (GAN)

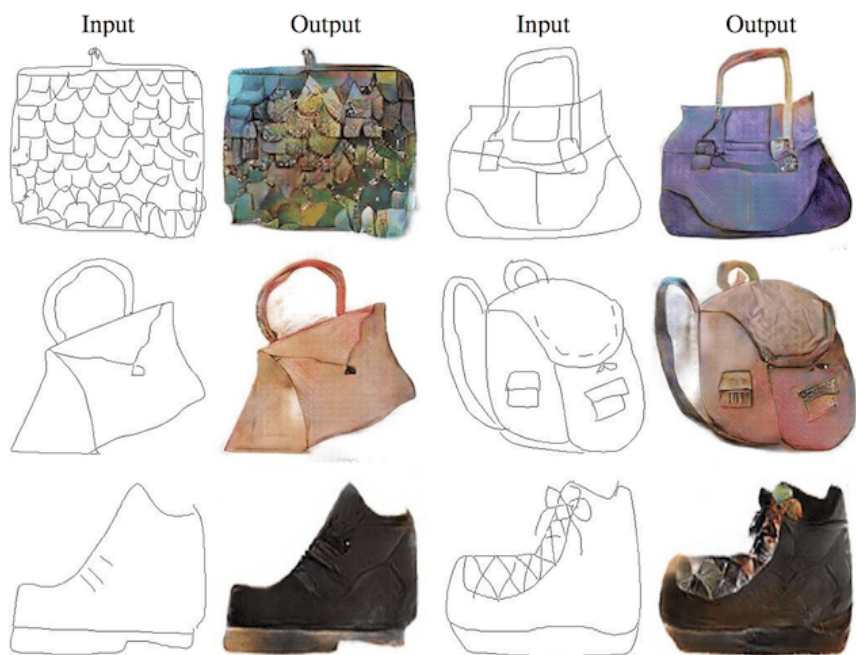
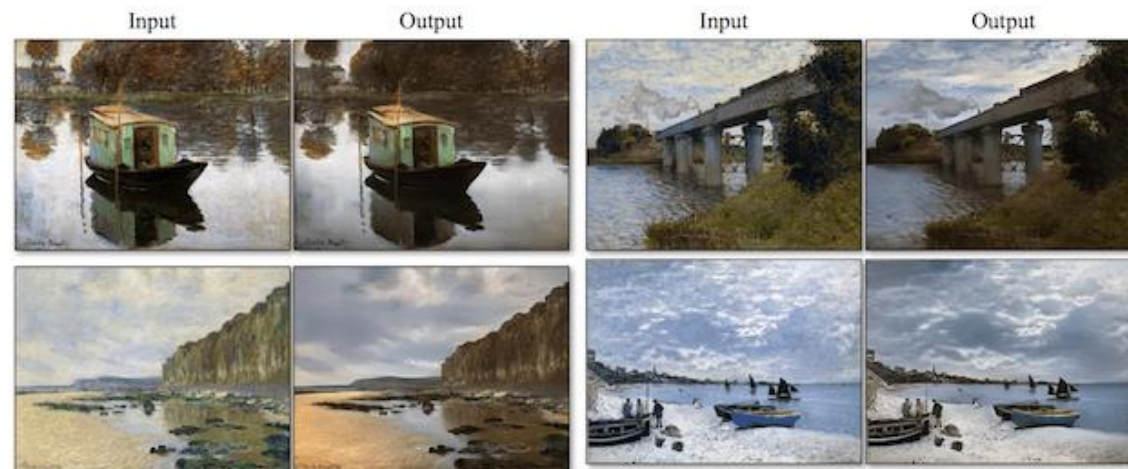
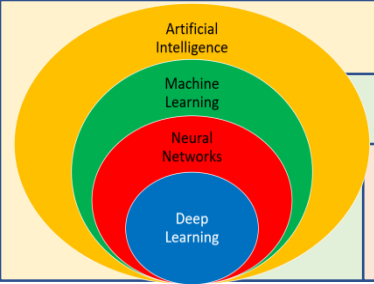


Image to Image Translation



Translation from photograph to artistic painting style.



Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Generative Adversarial Network (GAN)

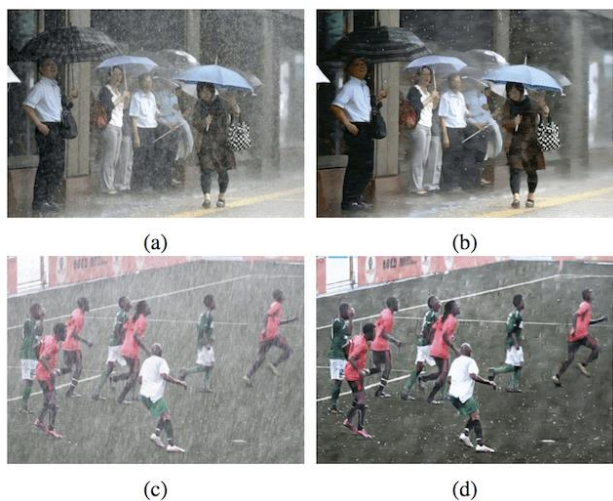


Image Edition (Remove or add an object)



Super-resolution

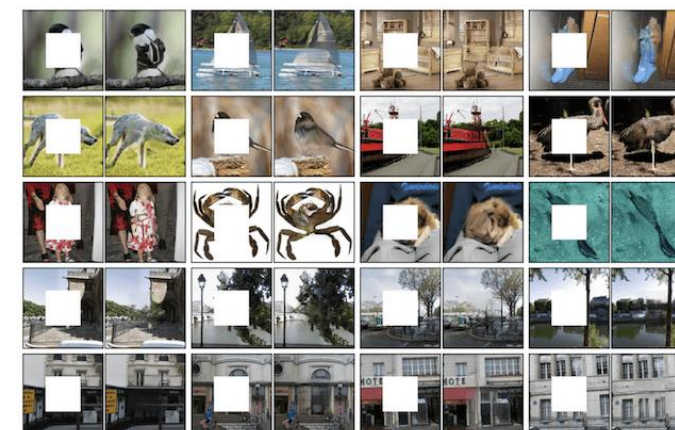
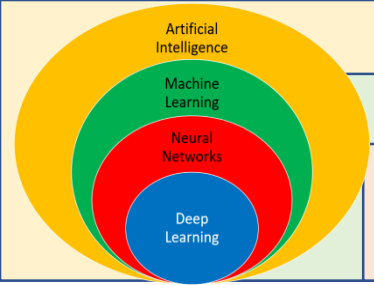


Image inpainting

Video prediction





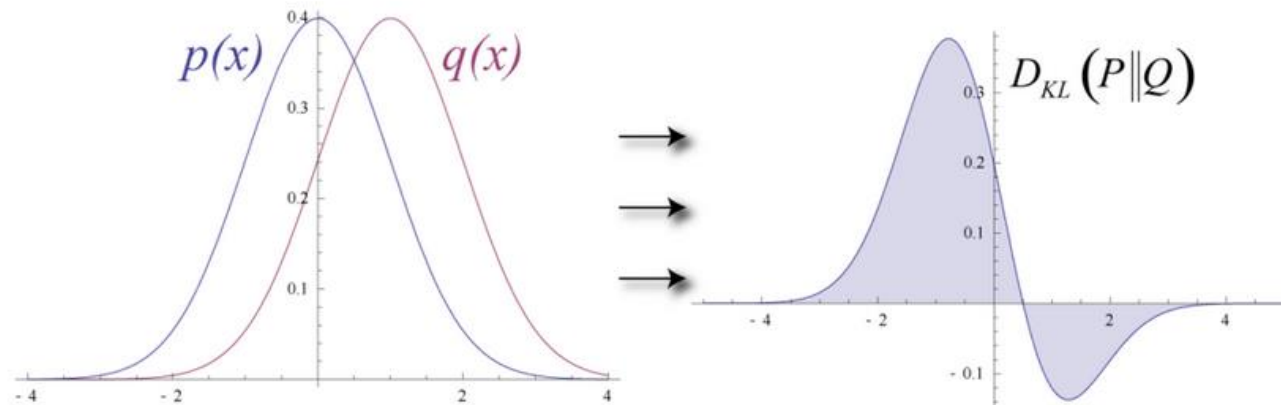
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

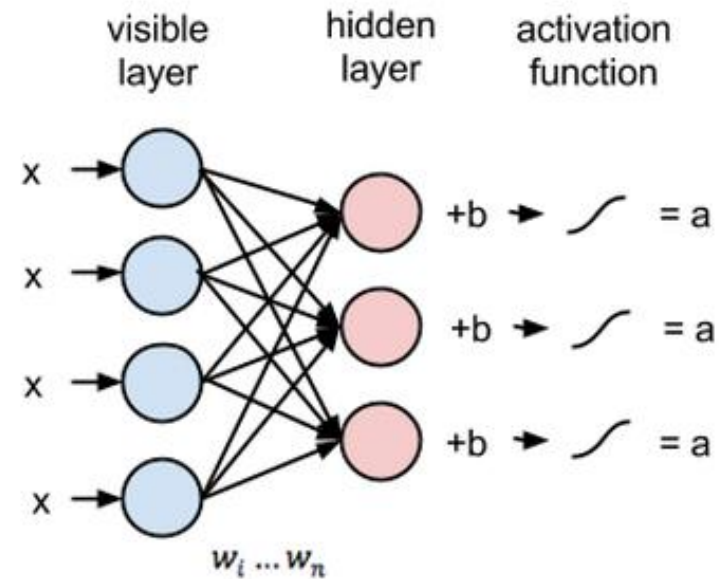
Deep Learning (DL)

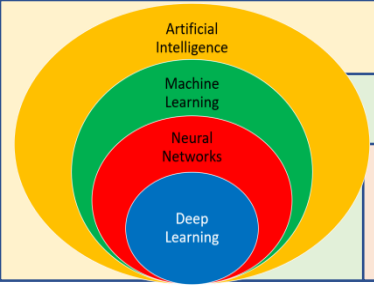
Restricted Boltzmann Machine (RBM)



input

Multiple Inputs





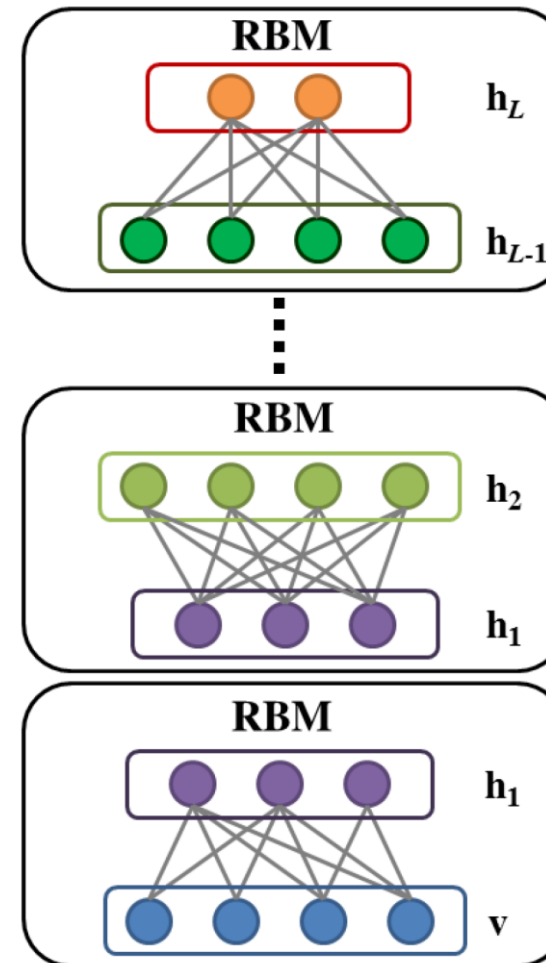
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

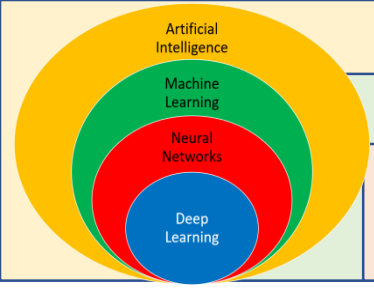
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

Deep Belief Network (DBN)





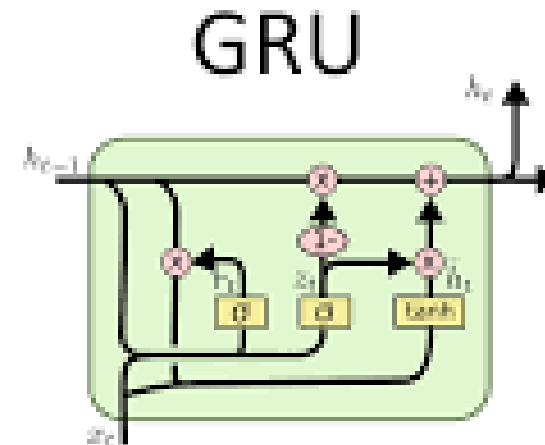
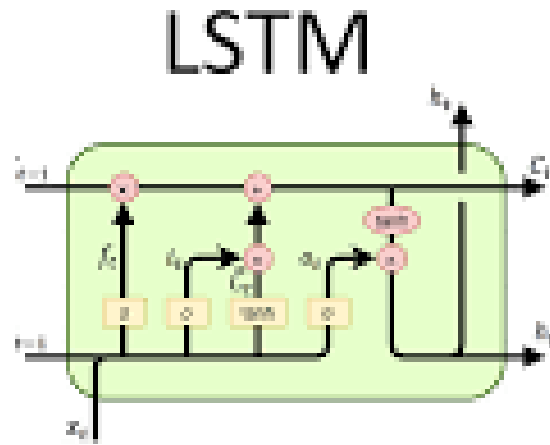
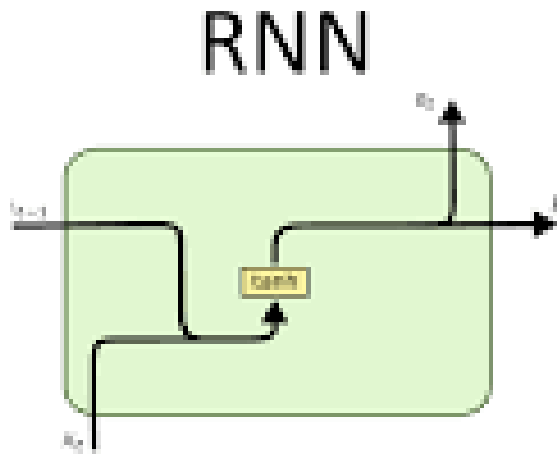
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

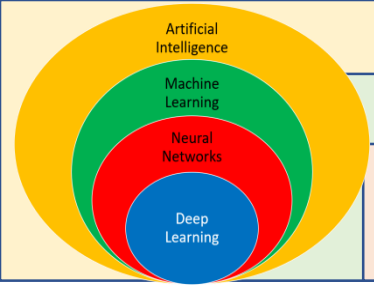
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

RNN, LSTM, and GRU





Artificial Intelligence (AI)

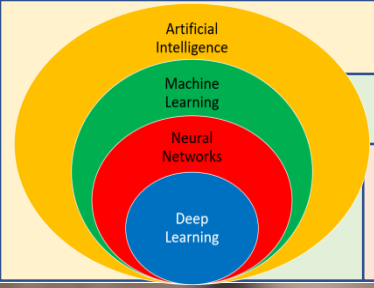
Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

RNN, LSTM, and GRU

- ❖ For some classes of data, the order in which we receive observations is important. As an example, consider the two following sentences:
 - ❖ "I'm sorry... it's not you, it's me."
 - ❖ "It's not me, it's you... I'm sorry."
- ❖ These two sentences are communicating quite different messages, but this can only be interpreted when considering the sequential order of the words.



Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Machine Learning (ML)

Neural Networks (NNs)

Deep Learning (DL)

